

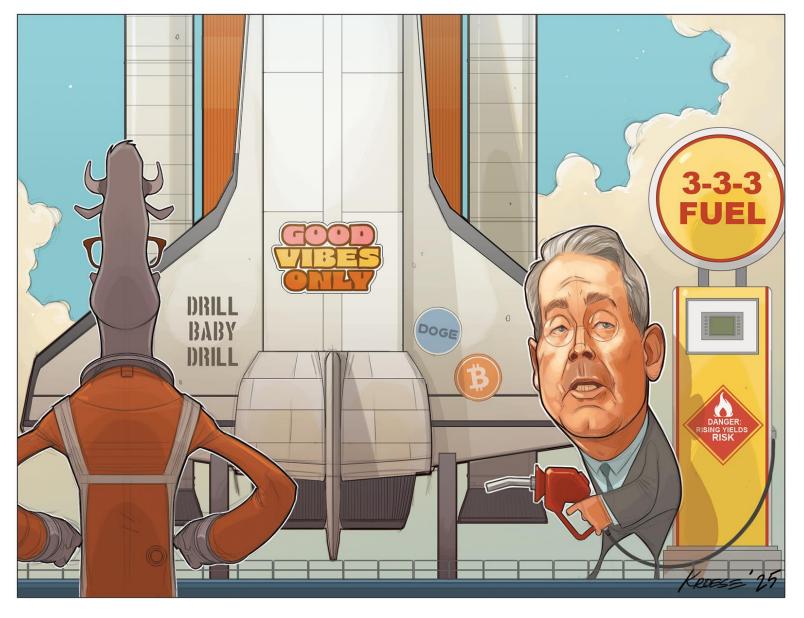
Vibes

1Q, 2025



The U.S. economy has been resilient. Unemployment remains relatively low, and consumer spending stayed healthy, including during the holiday season. Businesses are more optimistic about the economy, and they are encouraged by expectations for a more pro-growth agenda and improved collaboration between government and business. However, two significant risks remain. Ongoing and future spending requirements will likely be inflationary, and therefore, inflation may persist for some time. Additionally, geopolitical conditions remain the most dangerous and complicated since WWII."

Jamie Dimon, JPMorgan CEO

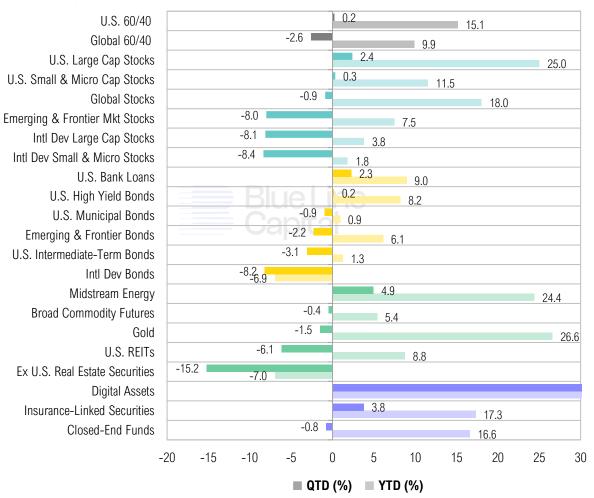






Major winners over Q4 included digital assets (+52.0%) and midstream energy (+4.9%) while ex-U.S. real estate (-15.2%) and international small cap stocks (-8.4%) lagged



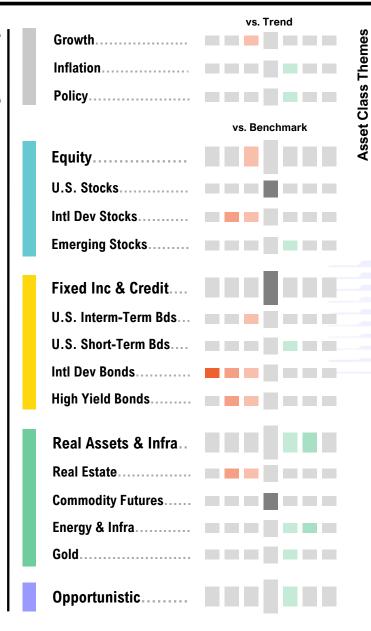


Relative Total Returns vs. Global 60/40, %



Source: Bloomberg. Returns for periods greater than 1 year are annualized.





- The U.S. remains a positive outlier amid slow growth in developed economies and China, underpinned by high debt loads, high deficits, and poor demographics.
- U.S. consumer spending is becoming more discerning on higher credit costs and depleting savings, but pain limited to low-end cons.; high-end has room to lever up.
- The incoming administration needs to thread the needle of reducing spending enough to calm bond markets without negatively impacting growth.
- While the U.S. policy mix remains unusually supportive, U.S. equity valuations are approaching peak levels; be thoughtful with equity risks.
- Tilt towards quality and higher free cash flows in large caps, but maintain some exposure to high-quality growth managers. Active small cap and emerging markets are excellent opportunities; Europe remains a value trap.
- It remains imperative that the Trump admin can calm the bond market in order to keep the economic expansion intact and maintain risky asset valuations.
- Public credit spreads are very tight; minimize dedicated risks there, but opportunities exist for active managers.
- Select private credit is still poised to outperform, but avoid legacy portfolios.
- Watch 10-year yields (>5%) for inflation concerns returning and credit spreads (>400bps) for signs of economic stress.
- Policy, geopolitics and Al power needs all argue for a healthy allocation to real assets.
- Al power demand is leading to opportunities in energy infrastructure, including utilities, natural gas and nuclear.
- Opportunities available in select private real estate, but avoid legacy portfolios.
- Bonds, gold, and bitcoin will continue to compete for incremental safe-haven flows, but higher yields make bonds incrementally more attractive.
- Volatility creates opportunity: consider tactical multi-asset and long/short equity.
 Stick to first principles: stay diversified, avoid unnecessary risks, and fade extremes.

1

U.S. growth continues to be impacted by past stimulus & deficit spending, but income growth has been above inflation for several months.

2

Higher interest rates, AI, and the incoming admin will continue to feed divergences, with room for growth and repricing in several areas.

3

Policy, geopolitics and Al power needs all argue for a healthy allocation to real assets.

4

Stick to first principles: Stay diversified, avoid unnecessary risks, and fade extremes.





This election cycle is the last chance for the U.S. to grow our way out of this mountain of debt..."

Scott Bessent, U.S. Treasury Secretary Nominee

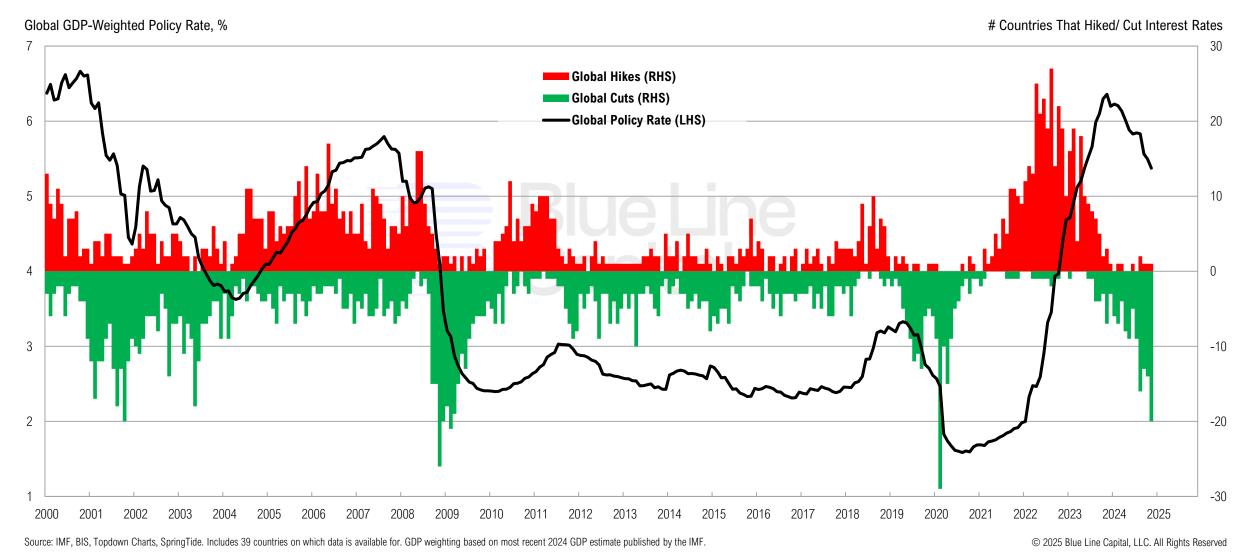


Well, I am concerned about fiscal sustainability, and I am sorry that we haven't made more progress. I believe that the deficit needs to be brought down, especially now that we're in an environment of higher interest rates."

Janet Yellen, U.S. Treasury Secretary



Globally, December 2024 saw the highest number of interest rate cuts and the largest drop in policy rates outside of a major crisis or pandemic





Recapping some of Trump's picks for key White House and Cabinet jobs



Treasury
Secretary:
Scott
Bessent

- Replacing: Janet Yellen
- Bessent's platform supports tax cuts, reducing government spending and deficits, strong national defense, targeted and gradual tariffs, and inflation.
- Bessent has proposed a "3-3-3" target, which includes achieving 3% economic growth, reducing the federal deficit to 3% of GDP by 2028, and increasing daily energy production by the equivalent of 3 million barrels of oil.



SEC Chair: Paul Atkins

- · Replacing: Gary Gensler
- Atkins is expected to adopt a more deregulatory approach, reversing many of Gensler's policies. He has a strong pro-cryptocurrency stance, advocating for clearer regulations that would benefit the digital asset market.
- He is likely to promote policies that facilitate capital formation and enhance market efficiency, which could include reforms in proxy voting processes and conflict-of-interest disclosures.



FDA:Dr Marty
Makary

- Replacing: Robert Califf
- Makary aims to restore the agency's "gold standard" of scientific research while reducing bureaucratic hurdles to expedite medical treatments.
- He attributes public health issues, like the opioid crisis and rising allergies, to hubris and a lack of diverse viewpoints. Makary has also called for greater transparency in healthcare pricing.



FTC: Andrew Ferguson

- Replacing: Lina Khan
- Ferguson seeks to enhance America's position as a leader in technology and innovation by reducing burdensome regulations, particularly around data privacy and Al.
- Despite his deregulatory stance, Ferguson's approach may still involve some consumer protection measures, albeit in a less aggressive manner compared to Khan's tenure.



Al & Crypto Czar:
David Sacks

- Replacing: N/A (new role)
- Sacks says he will defend online free speech and address perceived Big Tech biases and censorship. He aims to establish a clear legal framework for Al that fosters innovation without excessive regulation.
- Sacks plans to provide regulatory clarity for the crypto industry, focusing on compliance, taxation, and operational guidelines to enable growth in the U.S.

Potential tailwinds for:

- Active small cap
- + Biotech, life sciences
- + Crypto, digital assets
- + Oil services

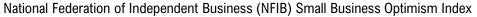
Potential headwinds for:

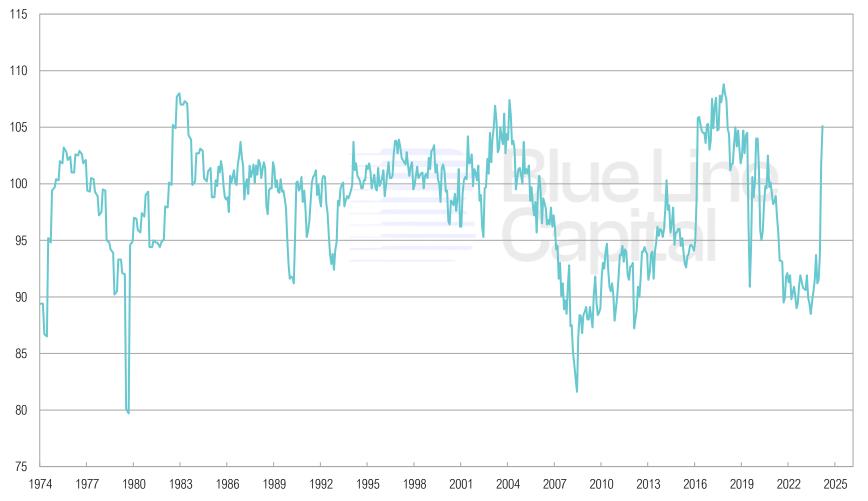
- Healthcare sector
- Oil, natural gas
- Consumer staples

Source: Reuters, Wall Street Journal, CNBC, New York Times.



Small business optimism jumped to a six-year high in December in anticipation of pro-business policies and legislation from the incoming administration





- 52% of small business owners expect the economy to improve, rising to the highest level since December 1982.
- 20% of survey respondents believe now is a good time to expand their business—the highest percentage since February 2020.
- 22% of small business owners expect higher real sales volumes. This is the highest number since January 2020.
- Inflation and labor quality remain key concerns for small business owners.

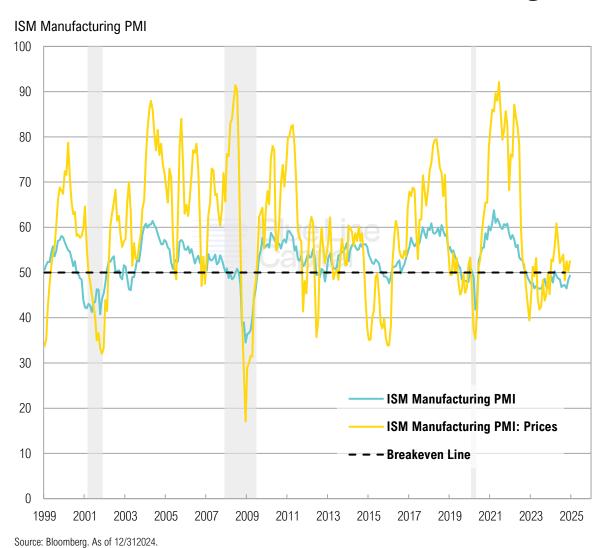
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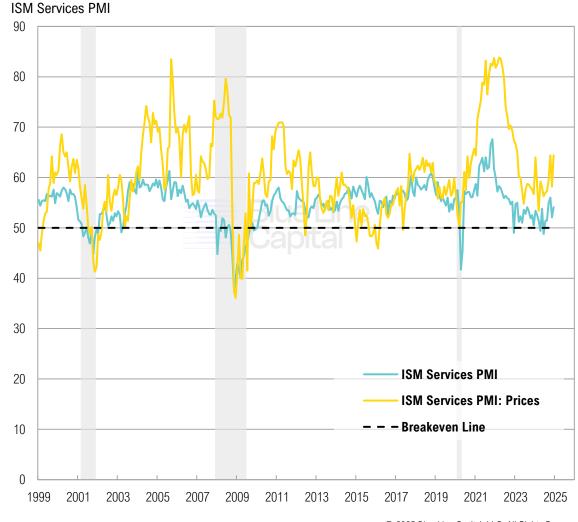


Source: NFIB



While the manufacturing sector remains in contractionary territory, the services sector remains strong; services prices paid continues to increase



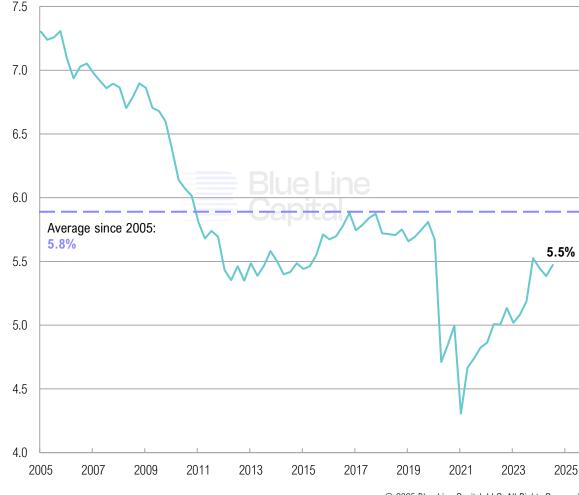


Hourly earnings continue to meaningfully diverge from CPI, rising 3.9% year-over-year in December; debt service ratios remain below average





Consumer Debt Service Ratio

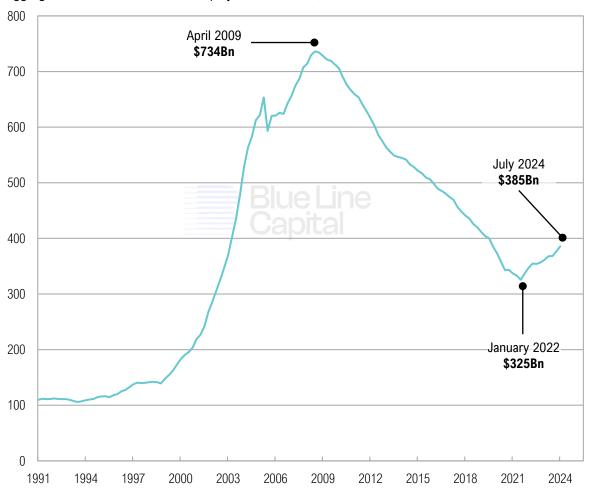


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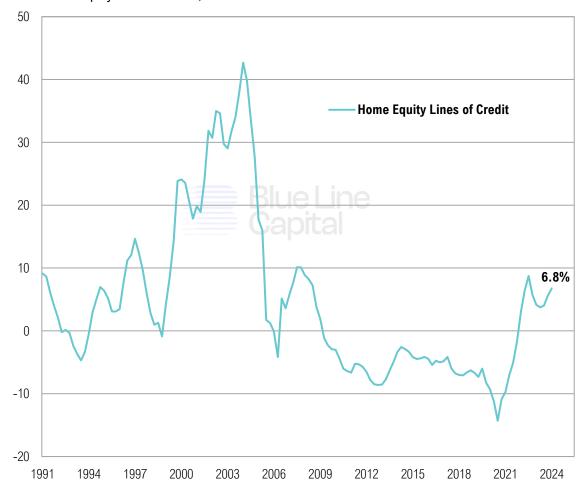
Source: Bloomberg

HELOC balances, which declined from 2009 to 2022, have started to climb higher again, and remain largely untapped as a source of consumer credit





Total Home Equity Lines of Credit, Y/Y %

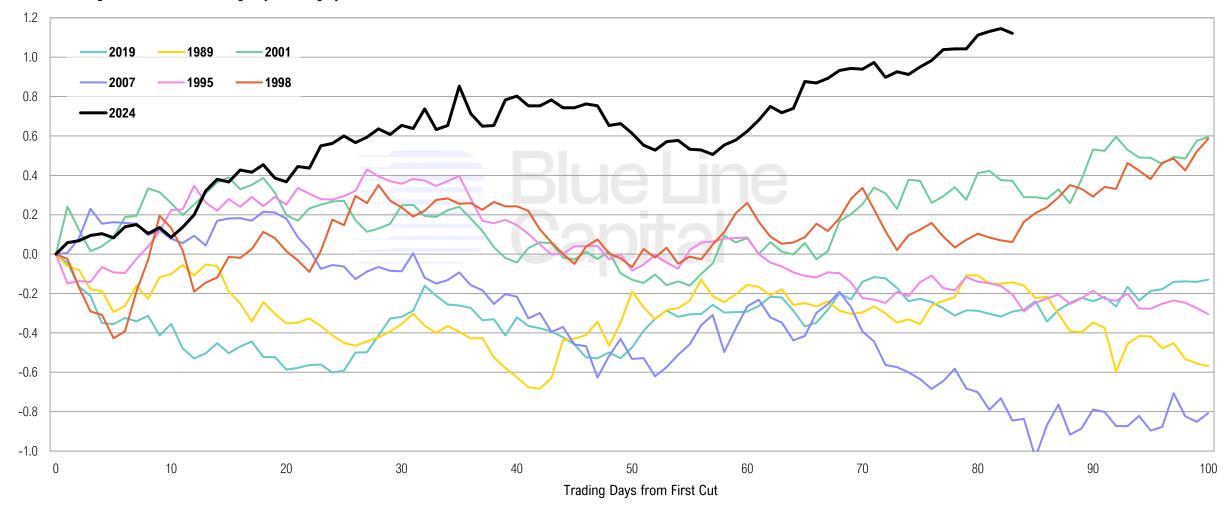


Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St Louis



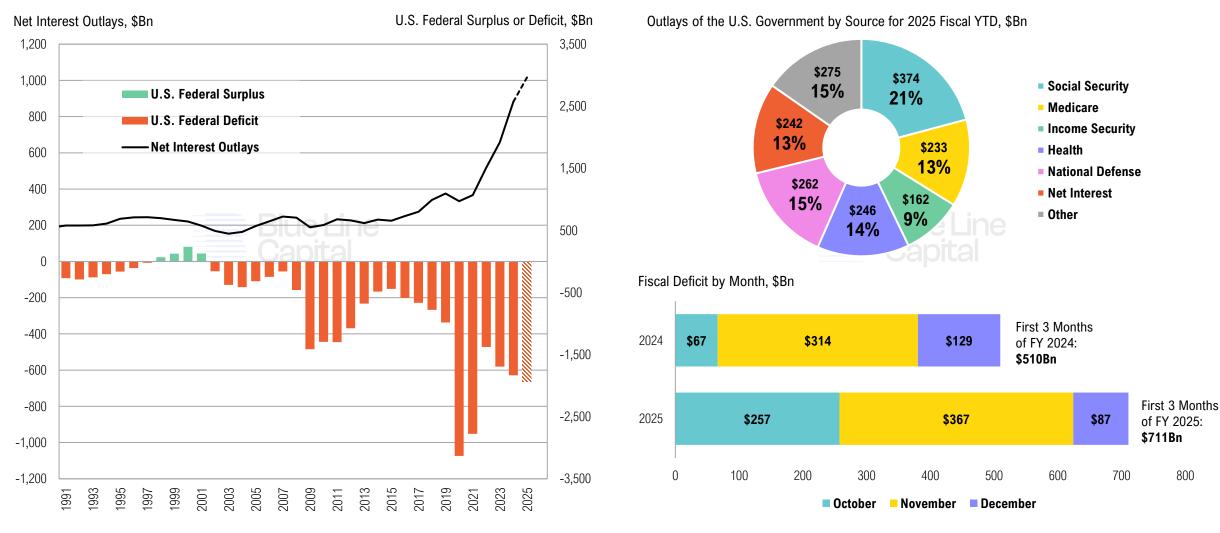
Relative to prior major rate cutting cycles, the 10-year Treasury yield remains elevated since the first cut (more on this later)

Absolute Change in 10-Year Yield During Major Cutting Cycles, %



Source: Bloomberg. As of 1/15/2025.

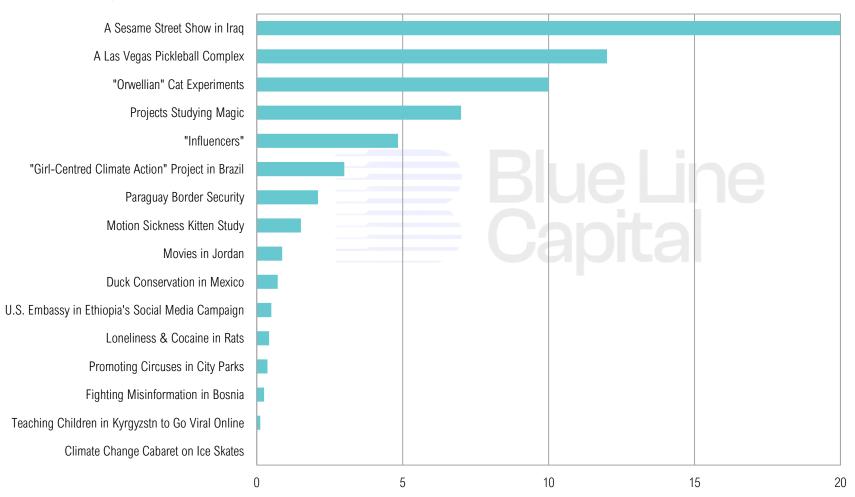
At \$1.8 trillion, 2024 was the largest non-crisis/pandemic deficit on record; the CBO estimates the 2025 fiscal deficit to reach \$1.9 trillion



Blue Line
Capital

Room to trim? The U.S. government spent \$1,008,313,329,626 on various non-essential projects and donations in 2024

U.S. Government Project Donations, \$Mn



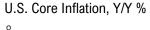
- On the bright side: there are a lot of taxpayer dollars that can be used more wisely, and to assist in lightening the U.S. government's fiscal deficit issue.
- The new Department of Government Efficiency (DOGE) aims to streamline federal operations by reducing inefficiencies, cutting waste, and simplifying regulations.
- Led by Elon Musk and Vivek Ramaswamy, DOGE is an advisory board, not an official government entity.
- According to Trump, its focus is to offer guidance on dismantling bureaucracy, reducing regulations, cutting spending, and reorganizing agencies.

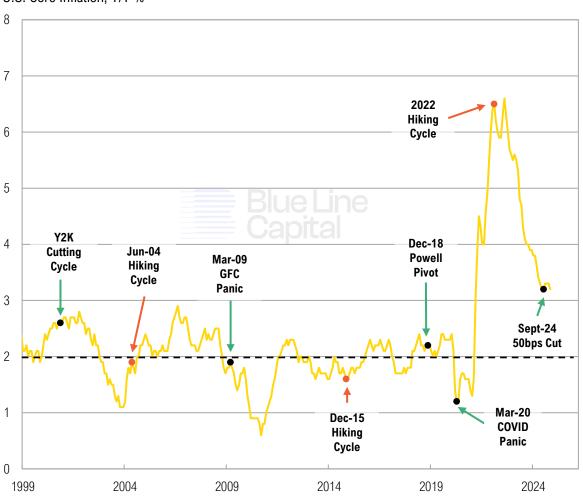


Source: Committee on Homeland Security & Governmental Affairs

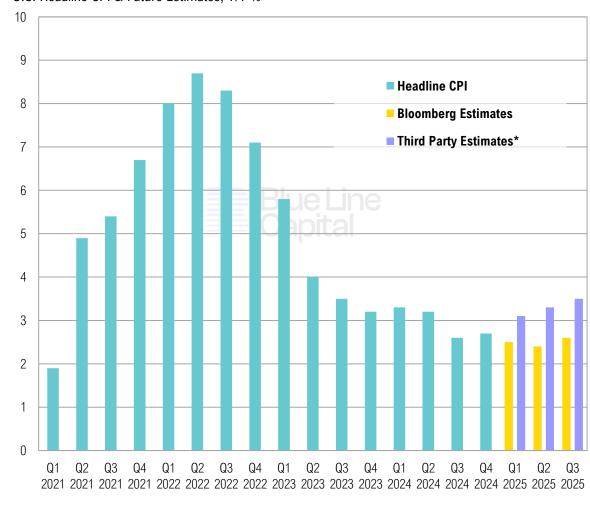


Inflation's last mile: At 3.2%, core inflation remains well above target; estimates show that headline inflation is likely to remain above 2% through the Q3 2025



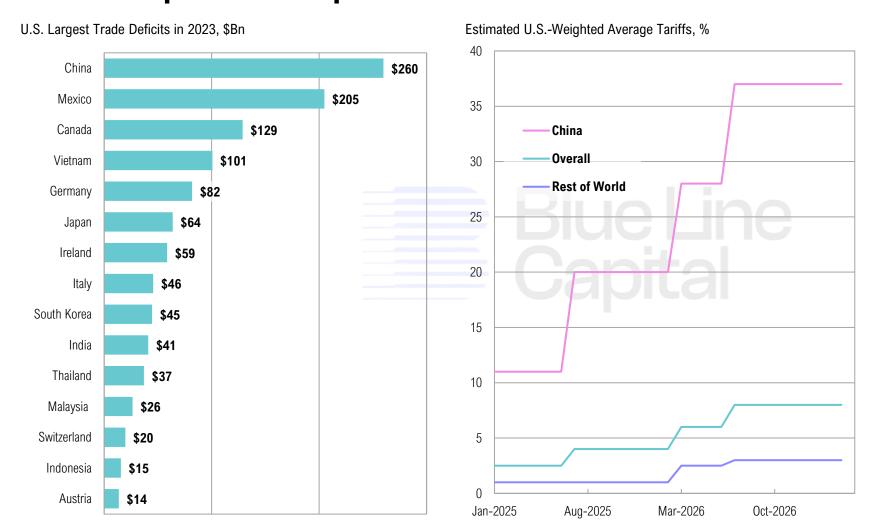


U.S. Headline CPI & Future Estimates, Y/Y %



Source: Bloomberg. *Third party estimates: Hedgeye.

It remains to be seen to what extent the universal tariffs proposed by Trump will be implemented



- Tariff hikes are widely anticipated to start in summer 2025.
- Estimates are for tariffs on China to triple by the end of 2026.
- Smaller tariff increases are likely to apply to other countries (predominantly Mexico and Canda) with a key focus on targeting intermediate and capital goods.
- The average U.S. tariff rate is expected to rise to 8% by the end of 2026.
- Most economists anticipate U.S. imports and exports as a share of global trade to drop from 21% to 18%.
- A decline in U.S.-China trade is likely.
- Unless the domestic economy can offset issues, U.S. economic growth may slow due to reduced trade activity, with increasingly complex inflation dynamics.

Source: Bloomberg



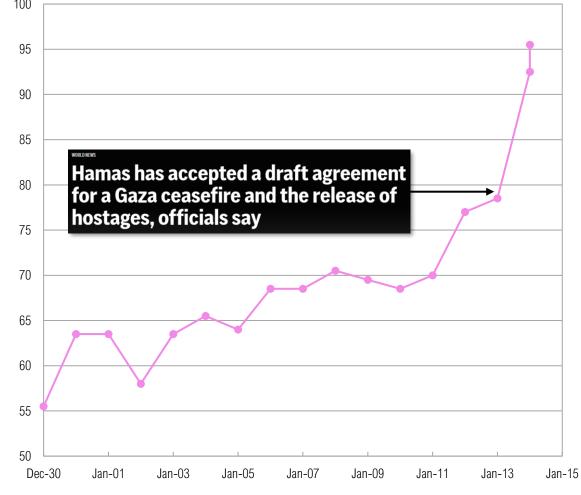


Peace dividend returns in 2025?

Probability of a Russia – Ukraine Ceasefire in 2025, %



Probability of an Israel – Hamas Ceasefire by March 2025, %

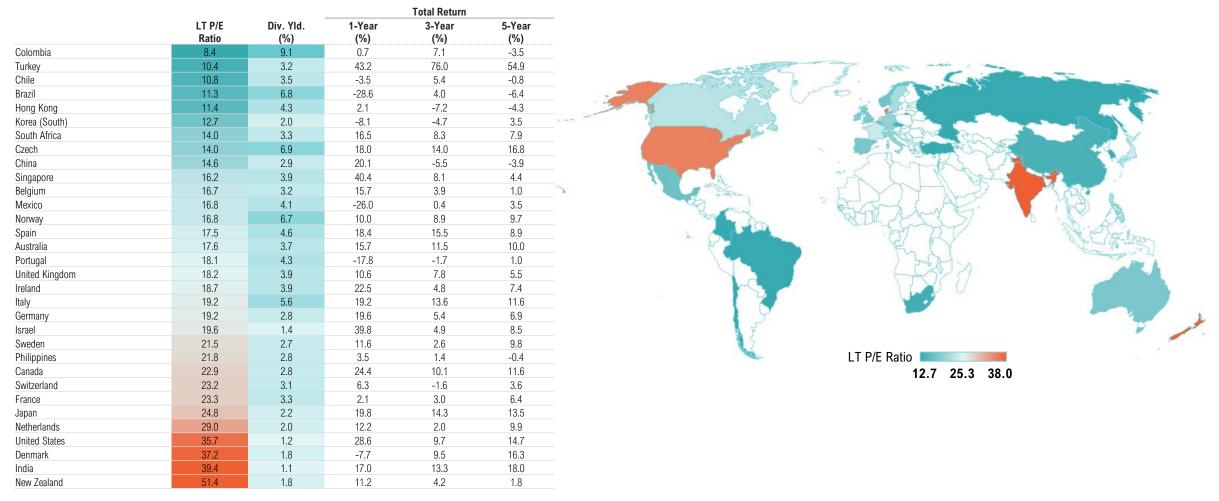


Source: Polymarket, AP News.



Divergence in global equity market valuations: U.S. valuations are among the highest, but potentially justifiably so, given the country's stronger earnings growth

Country Cape Ratio, Dividend Yields & Trailing Total Returns



Source: Bloomberg. Long-Term P/E Ratio (LT P/E Ratio) takes the price of each index divided by the trailing 10-yr average inflation adjusted EPS. Russian exchange halted since start of war.



Today's S&P-leading companies are, in many ways, much better than the best companies of the past. They enjoy massive technological advantages. They have vast scale, dominant market shares, and thus above-average profit margins. And since their products are based on ideas more than metal, the marginal cost of producing an additional unit is low, meaning their marginal profitability is unusually high."

Howard Marks, Oaktree Capital Co-founder & Co-chairman



The 'vibes' are real... will they translate?

"

2025 is off to a great start."

- Ed Bastian, Delta Airlines CEO

"

"

...U.S. consumer and business confidence surged since November..."

— Tamara Lundgren, Radius Recycling Chairman & CEO

We begin this year with a renewed M&A pipeline that has a higher likelihood of successful execution, a growing IPO backlog, greater demand for capital from companies and private equity sponsors, and elevated trading volumes. We see resurgent interest in M&A involving corporate and strategic acquirors, continued demand for private-equity sponsors to both return capital to limited partners and to further deploy their ample supply of dry powder. We have seen the meaningful opening of the IPO market for companies that are priced appropriately and have strong management teams, durable business models and solid long-term prospects. Public market valuations and volumes reflect optimism, and the interests of investors have broadened considerably from a narrow focus on a handful of tech juggernauts. All of this is very good news for likely future activity levels."

Richard Handler, Jefferies CEO



...measures of business confidence, both large and small, have improved significantly over the last two months. The palpable shift in sentiment gives us confidence that the current softness is transient and that we should soon enter a period of renewed strength in our core markets."

- Peter Matt. Commercial Metals President & CEO



Post-election, there is some more optimism weaving into the discussions and the outlooks that we're having — we're hearing about from customers...there is some more optimism weaving into our conversations with customers about '25 outlook."

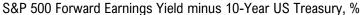
— Erik Gershwind, MSC Industrial Direct Co. CEO

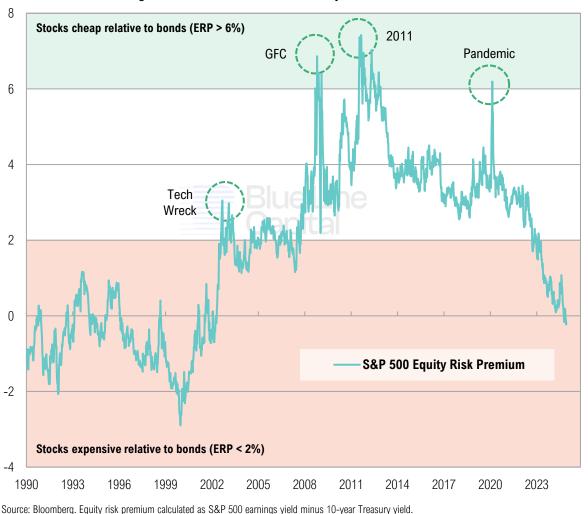
Source: Company Earnings Call Transcripts

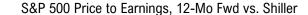
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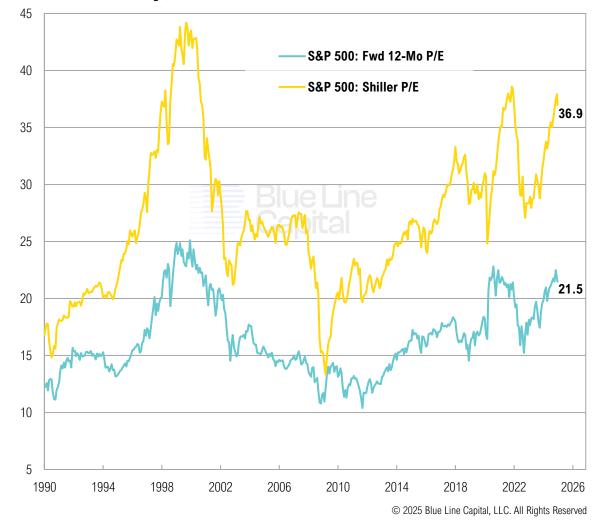


Using a yield-to-earnings yield comparison (ERP), U.S. stocks are less attractively priced vis-à-vis bonds than at any point since the 1990s; valuations appear rich from both a Shiller and forward P/E perspective





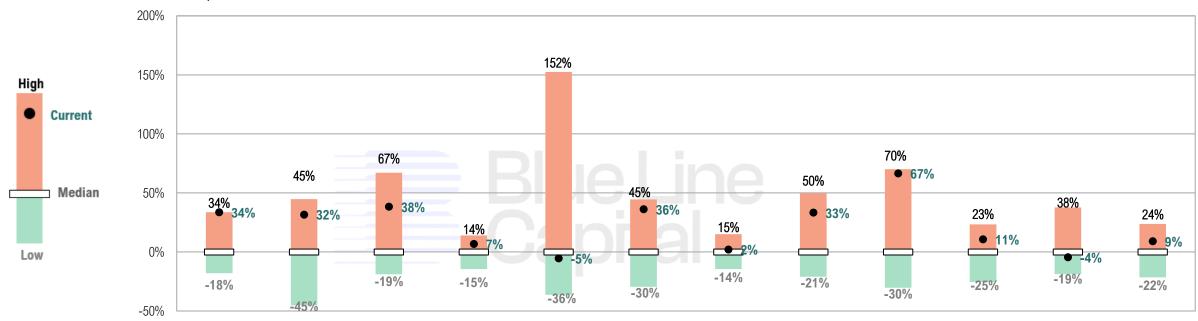






S&P 500 composite valuations are at 10-year highs; most sectors are trading at premiums relative to their internal median valuations, with Tech and Financials near 10-year highs

Current Composite Valuation Premium/Discount vs. 10-Year Median*



		Communication	Consumer	Consumer					Information			
	S&P 500	Services	Discretionary	Staples	Energy	Financials	Health Care	Industrials	Technology	Materials	Real Estate	Utilities
High Valuation Date	10/31/2024	8/31/2021	4/30/2021	4/29/2022	4/29/2016	3/29/2024	7/31/2024	4/30/2021	6/28/2024	11/1/2024	12/31/2021	8/31/2022
Low Valuation Date	9/30/2015	5/31/2018	2/29/2016	4/30/2018	9/30/2022	3/31/2020	3/31/2020	9/30/2015	9/30/2015	9/30/2015	10/31/2023	6/30/2015
Valuation Premium on 12/31/2023	16%	10%	14%	-4%	-17%	22%	6%	14%	48%	14%	-2%	-3%
Valuation Premium on 12/31/2022	-2%	-13%	-10%	7%	-23%	-2%	3%	3%	6%	-5%	-10%	13%
Valuation Premium on 12/31/2021	30%	38%	55%	14%	-23%	13%	7%	26%	55%	10%	38%	23%
Valuation Premium on 12/31/2020	29%	43%	58%	9%	44%	2%	3%	37%	45%	24%	15%	14%
Valuation Premium on 12/31/2019	5%	15%	4%	5%	-1%	2%	4%	-1%	11%	5%	10%	17%

Source: Bloomberg. *The composite valuation equal weights four valuation metrics (Fwd P/E, Fwd P/CF, TTM P/S and TTM EV/EBITDA) relative to each respective sector's 10-year medium valuation. The Financials composite replaces EV/EBITDA with TTM P/B.





While off the peak, the tech sector P/S ratio remains nearly 30% higher than peak Tech Bubble levels; NVDA (28.9x), and MSFT (12.2x) account for ~40% of the sector

S&P 500 Information Technology Sector, Price to Sales Ratio



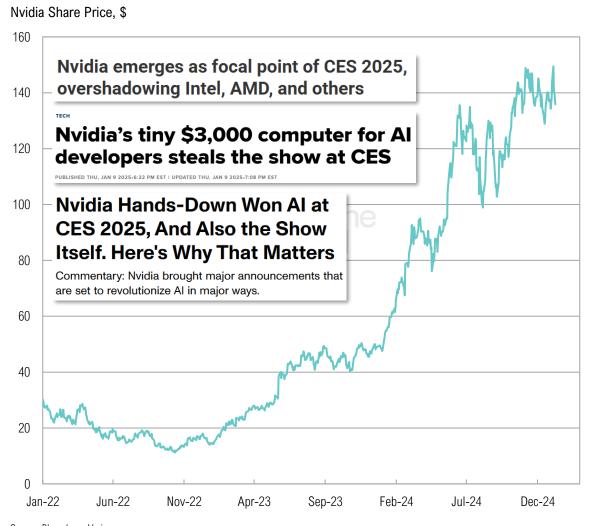
S&P 500 Information Technology Sector: Top 20 Holdings

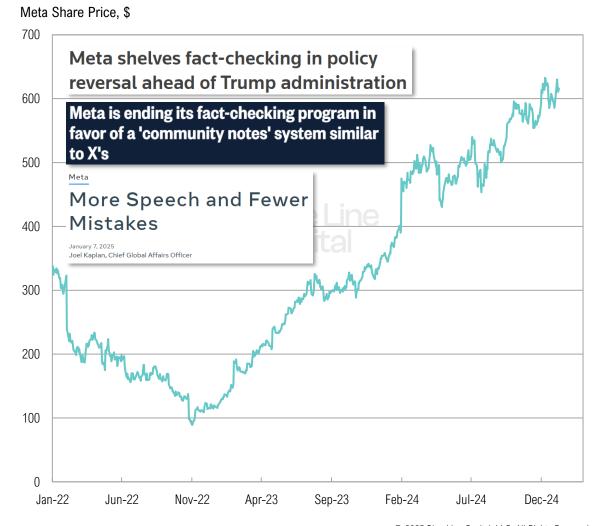
Name	Weight	P/S	P/E	Fwd P/S	Fwd P/E
Apple Inc	22.5%	9.2	34.7	8.3	31.0
NVIDIA Corp	18.2%	28.9	52.4	16.8	30.7
Microsoft Corp	17.4%	12.2	34.2	10.3	29.4
Broadcom Inc	7.5%	20.2	85.4	16.7	34.1
Oracle Corp	2.2%	7.7	36.2	6.9	23.0
Salesforce Inc	1.8%	8.3	49.0	7.4	28.6
Cisco Systems Inc	1.7%	4.5	21.4	4.1	15.5
Accenture PLC	1.6%	3.3	28.5	3.1	26.4
ServiceNow Inc	1.5%	20.0	152.4	15.7	60.6
International Business Machines	1.5%	3.2	22.5	3.1	20.2
Advanced Micro Devices	1.3%	7.8	99.4	5.9	23.1
Adobe Inc	1.3%	8.5	28.4	7.5	19.7
QUALCOMM Inc	1.2%	4.5	18.7	4.1	13.7
Texas Instruments Inc	1.2%	11.1	37.6	10.1	32.1
Intuit Inc	1.2%	10.4	55.8	8.9	29.8
Palantir Technologies	1.0%	54.6	311.0	41.7	137.5
Arista Networks	1.0%	21.3	54.1	17.0	45.7
Applied Materials Inc	0.8%	5.2	19.7	4.7	17.9
Palo Alto Networks Inc	0.8%	13.1	121.2	11.2	49.3
Micron Technology	0.8%	3.6	29.4	2.8	11.2
Other	13.7%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total S&P 500 Tech Index	100%	8.9	39.3	7.7	28.0
Median S&P 500 Tech Constituent		8.8	36.9	7.9	29.0





Mag 7 updates: Nvidia stole the show at CES 2025; Meta has announced policy changes, shifting to a free speech model similar to X

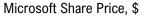


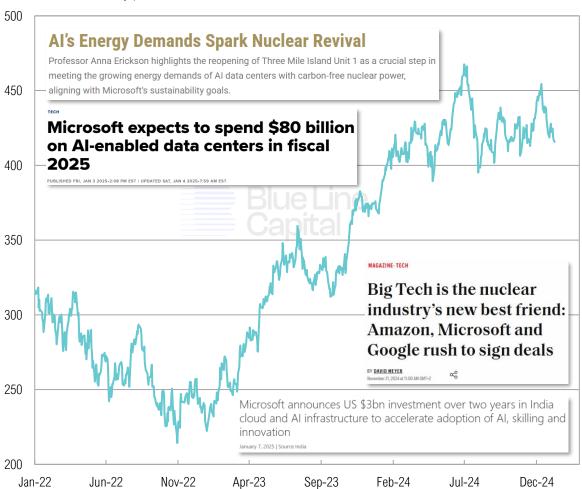


Source: Bloomberg, Various.

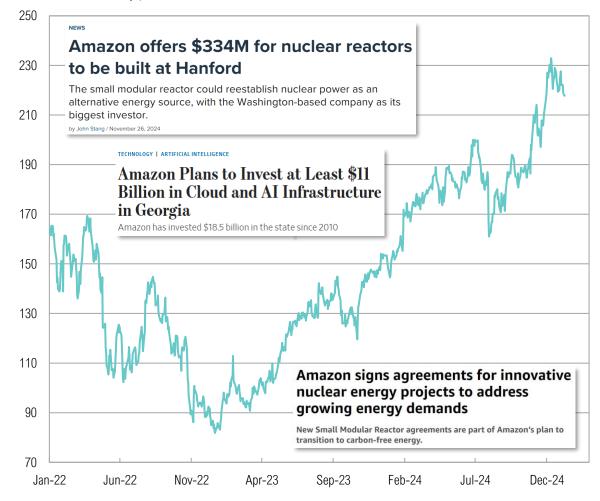


Mag 7 updates: Microsoft and Amazon both continue to invest in nuclear to meet rising energy demands stemming from Al developments





Amazon Share Price, \$

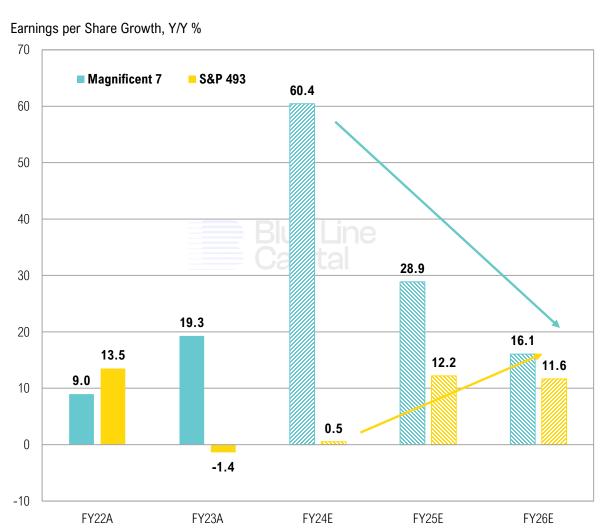


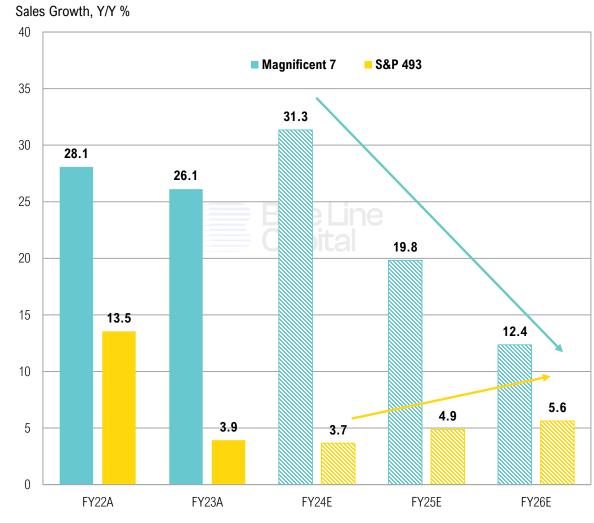
Source: Bloomberg, Various.





Are high valuations at least partially being driven by strong earnings growth? 2025 Mag 7 earnings are expected to grow by 28.9%, while S&P 493 earnings are expected to grow by 12.2%

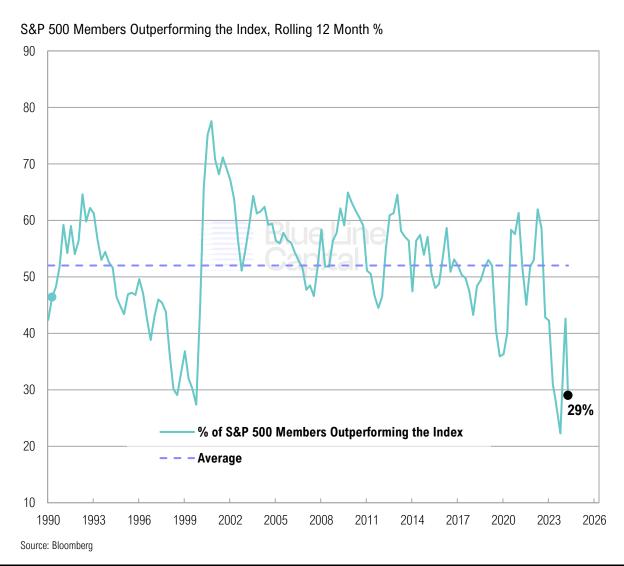




Source: Bloomberg



Market breadth has narrowed with only 29% of S&P 500 constituents outperforming the index over the past year; the equal-weighted index has underperformed since early October







Post-election performance provides insight into the market's expectations, but there are multiple cross-currents (how much was front-run, impact of rates, etc.)

Total Return Since 11/5/2024, %

Asset Classes		
Cryptocurrencies	65.3	
Midstream Energy	12.7	
Commodity Futures	4.8	
US Large Cap Stocks	2.6	
US Bank Loans	1.7	
Closed-End Funds	1.5	
Cash	0.9	
US 60/40	0.9	
US Micro Cap Stocks	0.8	
US High Yield Bonds	0.6	
Short-Term Bonds	0.4	
US Small Cap Stocks	0.3	
US Interm-Term Muni Bonds	-0.4	
Emerging Market Bonds	-0.7	
Municipal High Yield Bonds	-1.1	
Global 60/40	-1.2	71
US Interm-Term Bonds	-1.7	j
Gold	-2.8	
Intl Dev Ex-US Stocks	-4.3	
US REITs	-4.9	
Developed Ex-US Bonds	-5.9	
Global Real Estate Sec's	-6.4	
Emerging Market Stocks	-6.4	
Intl Dev Ex-US Real Est.	-8.1	

5.2
4.4
4.2
2.9
1.9
1.5
1.4
1.4
0.7
0.3
0.2
-0.1
-0.4
-1.0

Consumer Discretionary	11.4
Financials	4.8
Communication Services	4.0
Energy	2.8
Technology	2.0
Industrials	0.9
Utilities	-1.2
Consumer Staples	-4.1
Health Care	-4.1
Real Estate	-6.5
Materials	-7.3

industries	
Broker-Dealers & Exchanges	7.6
Oil Equipment & Services	7.6
Financial Services	6.6
Oil & Gas Exploration	6.4
Regional Banks	6.1
Tech Software	5.6
Expanded Technology	5.1
Aerospace & Defense	2.7
Digital Infrastructure	2.3
Medical Devices	1.3
Insurance	1.0
Transportation	0.6
Semiconductors	0.0
Global Energy Producers	-0.4
Mortgage Real Estate	-1.2
Pharmaceuticals	-3.1
Healthcare Providers	-3.2
Residential Real Estate	-5.6
Global Timber & Forestry	-6.0
Global Gold Miners	-6.5
Biotechnology	-7.8
Copper & Metals Mining	-10.2
Home Construction	-11.3
Lithium Miners	-15.4

Industrias

Themes				
Quantum Computing				
Blockchain				
Magnificent 7				
Cloud Computing	12.0			
FinTech	7.0			
Cybersecurity	4.4			
Artificial Intelligence	3.1			
Defense	2.8			
Autonomous Driving	2.5			
Internet of Things	1.9			
Large Cap ex-Magnificent 7				
Hydrogen	0.1			
Social Media	-0.1			
Video Games & eSports	-0.1			
Robotics	-1.9			
Data Centers	-2.9			
Genomics & Biotechnology	-9.8			
Clean Technology	-10.6			
Solar Energy	-18.5			
Wind Energy	-20.3			

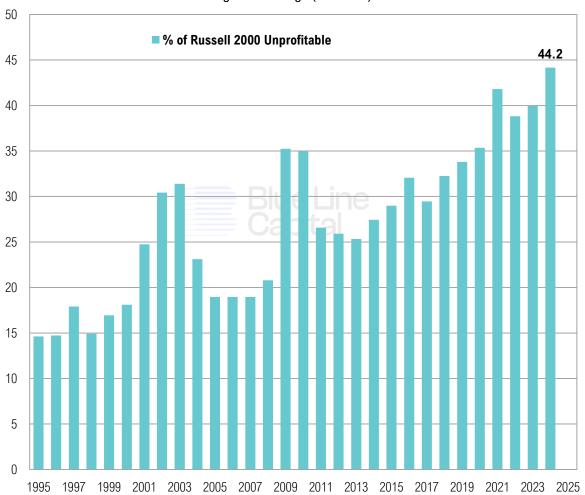
Source: Bloomberg. See appendix for asset class & index definitions. Asset class returns are based on market indexes. Other returns based on passive ETFs. As of 1/14/2025.





Profitable or not, small caps had started to break down as bond yields spiked

% of Russell 2000 Constituents with Negative Earnings (TTM EPS)



Profitable vs Unprofitable Russell 2000 Companies, Growth of 100

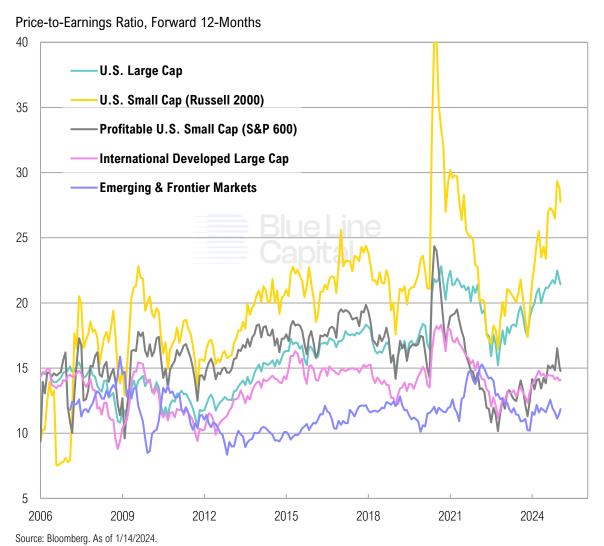


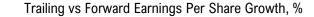
Source: Bloomberg, Apollo. Unprofitable constituent data as of 12/31/2024. Profitability is based on most recent earnings. Relative performance as of 1/8/2025.

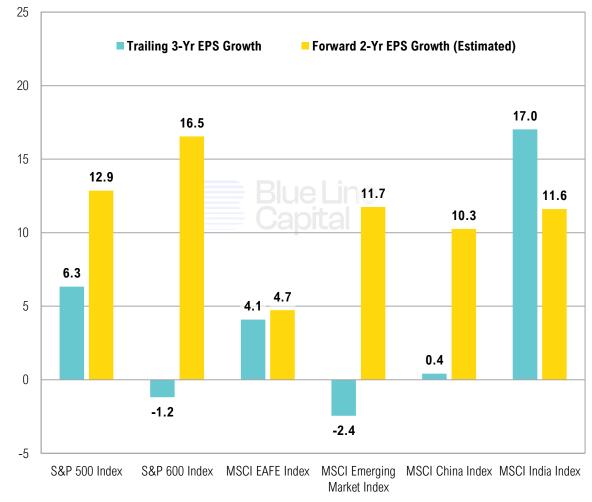




Emerging market stocks remain relatively cheap vs. developed markets; looking ahead, earnings growth for profitable U.S. small cap stocks look promising





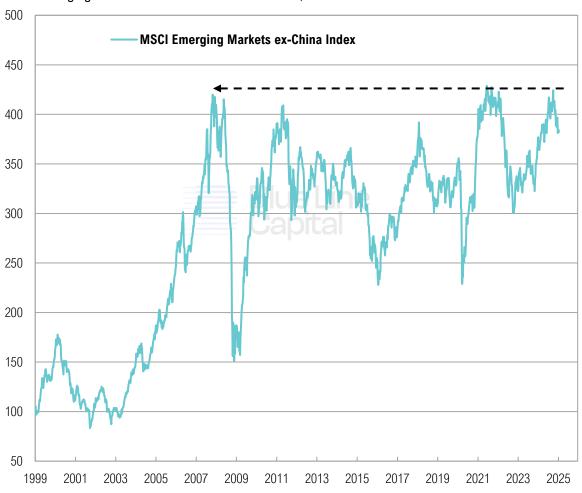


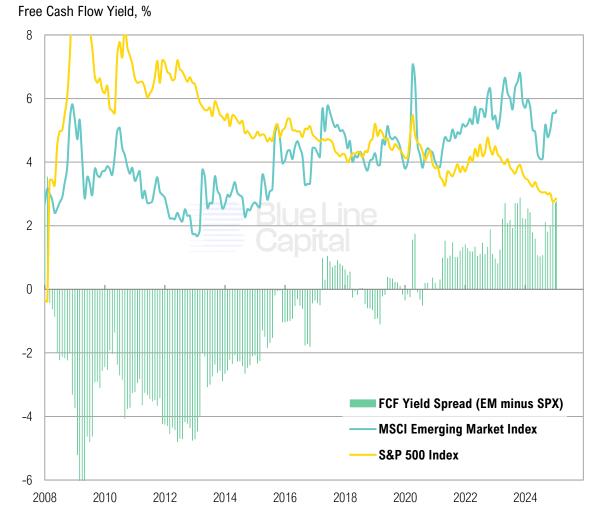




While EM ex-China stocks failed to break out of a 16-year resistance, they still appear attractively valued compared to U.S. large cap stocks; EM free cash flow yields are 2.8% higher than the S&P 500

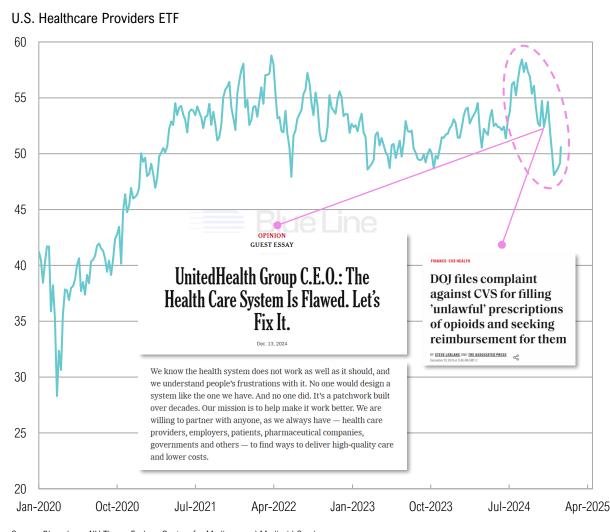


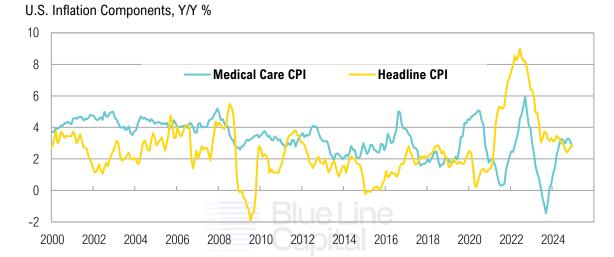




Source: Bloomberg. MSCI Emerging Markets ex-China Price Return Index in U.S. dollar. As of 1/13/2025.

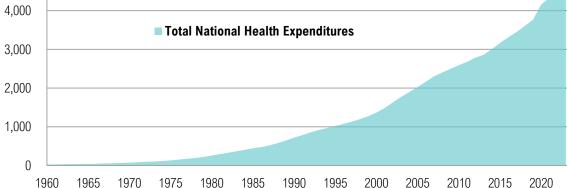
Healthcare stocks have been under pressure as various troubles plague the industry; government spending on health neared \$5 trillion in 2023





5,000 4.000 ■ Total National Health Expenditures 3.000

Total U.S. National Health Expenditures, \$Bn

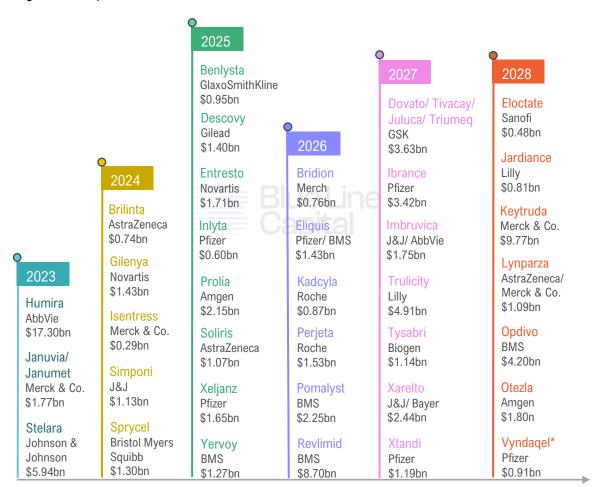


Source: Bloomberg, NY Times, Forbes, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

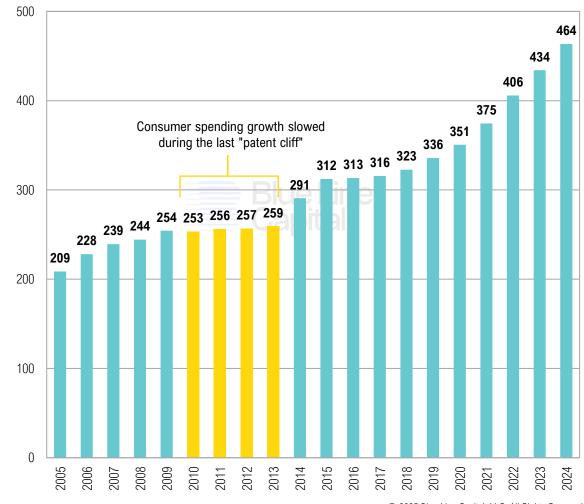


Big pharma faces a "patent cliff" which could impact more than \$200Bn in annual revenue by 2030

Big Pharma Expected to Lose Patent Protection

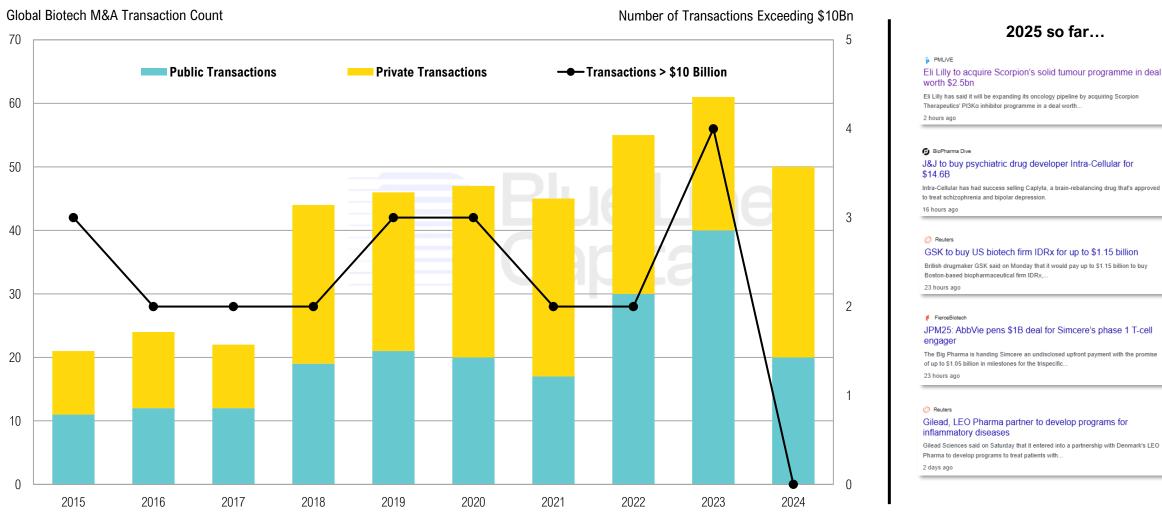


Prescription Drug Expenditure in the U.S., \$Bn



Source: Eventide. *Pending patent term extension; CMS.

While M&A activity in 2024 was relatively healthy, deal sizes were small, with none >\$10bn; 2025 is off to a strong start, with multiple deals already announced, including J&J's \$14.6bn transaction



2025 so far...

Eli Lilly has said it will be expanding its oncology pipeline by acquiring Scorpion

J&J to buy psychiatric drug developer Intra-Cellular for

Intra-Cellular has had success selling Caplyta, a brain-rebalancing drug that's approved

GSK to buy US biotech firm IDRx for up to \$1.15 billion

British drugmaker GSK said on Monday that it would pay up to \$1.15 billion to buy

The Big Pharma is handing Simcere an undisclosed upfront payment with the promis

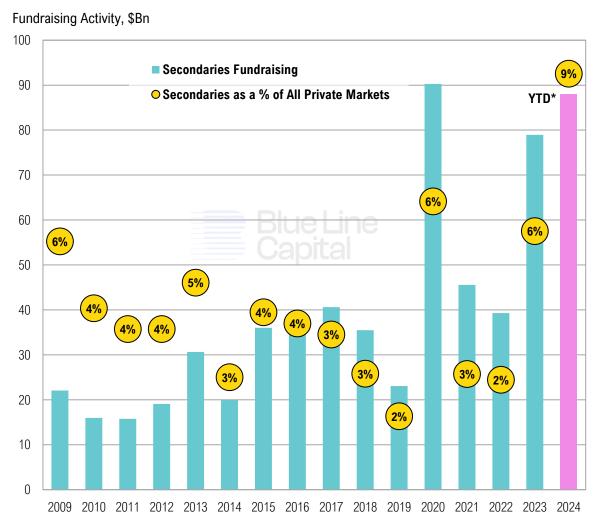
Gilead, LEO Pharma partner to develop programs for

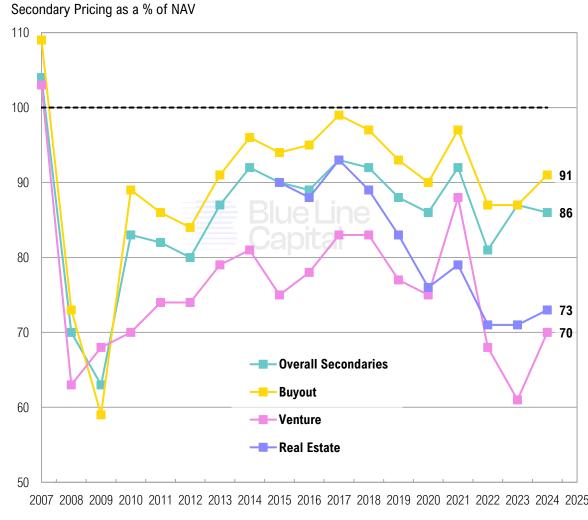
Gilead Sciences said on Saturday that it entered into a partnership with Denmark's LEO



Source: Eventide, William Blair Biotech Group Top Stock Picks and Outlook for 2025.

Through September, secondaries fundraising nearly surpassed its best full year of fundraising, although it remains just a fraction of all private market fundraising



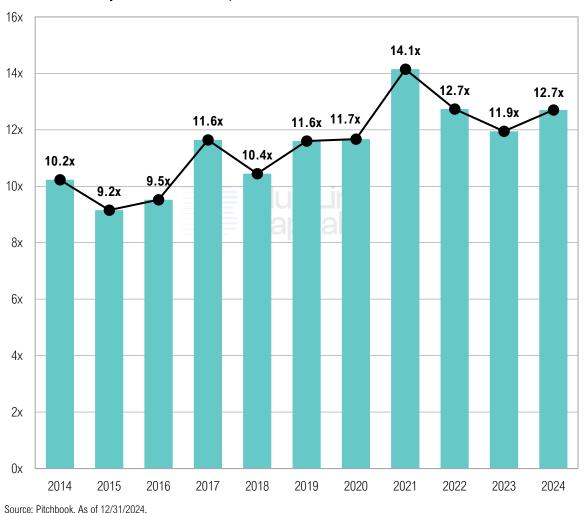


Source: Pitchbook, StepStone, Tap, Greenhill, Lazard, Evercore, Various. *YTD as of 9/30/2024. Secondary pricing as a % of NAV as of 6/30/2024.

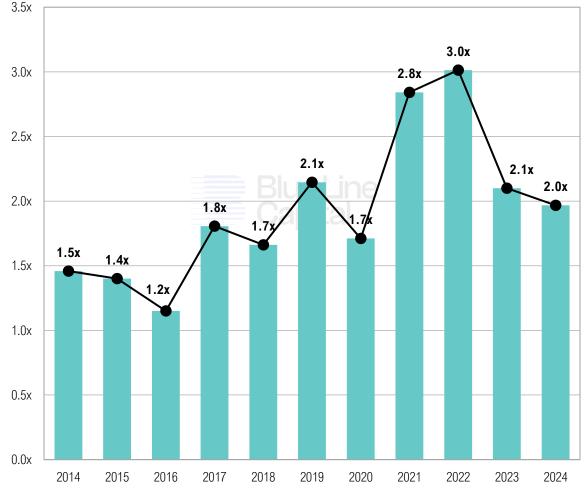


Buyout EV/EBITDA multiples are elevated, while EV/Revenue multiples suggest these companies are struggling with profitability

Median U.S. PE Buyout EV/EBITDA Multiple



Median U.S. PE Buyout EV/Revenue Multiple



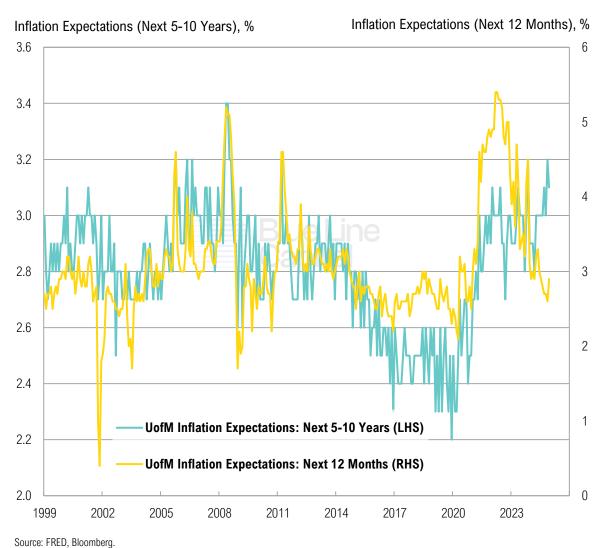


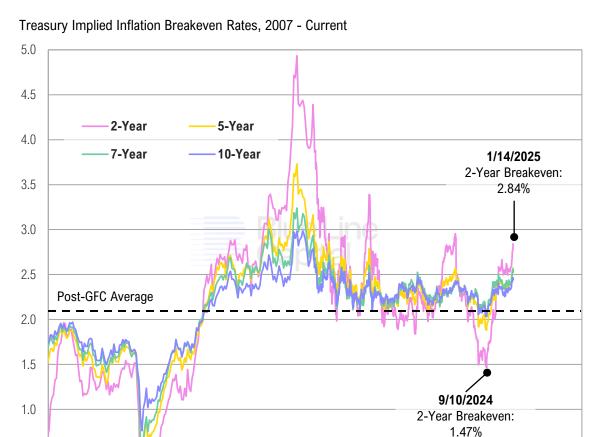
Treasury Secretary Janet Yellen distorted Treasury markets by borrowing more than \$1 trillion in more-expensive shorter-term debt compared with historical norms."

Scott Bessent, Treasury Secretary Nominee



TIPS-implied inflation rates have been edging higher alongside declining 2025 rate cut expectations; short-and long-term inflation expectations have diverged





2022

2023

2021

2020

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2025

2024

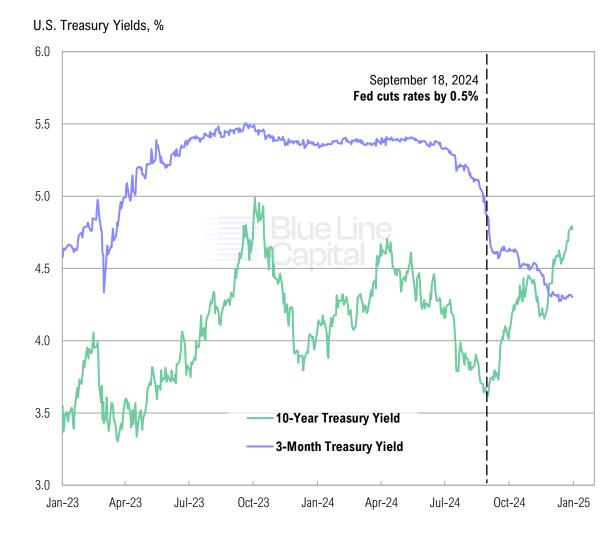
0.5

0.0

2019

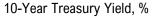
As evidenced by rising longer-term yields and simultaneously declining shorter-term yields, the Fed has little control over the long end

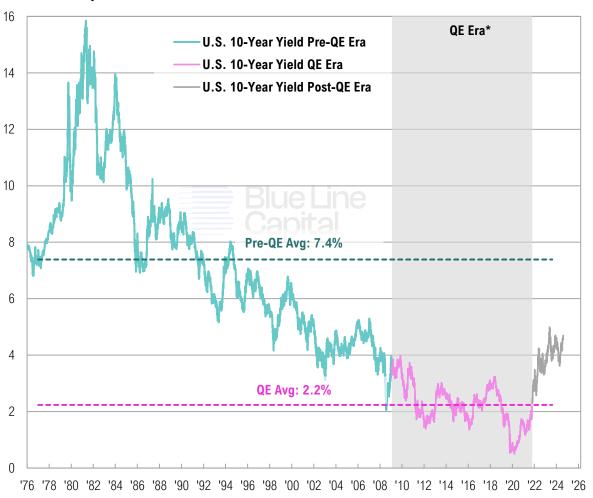




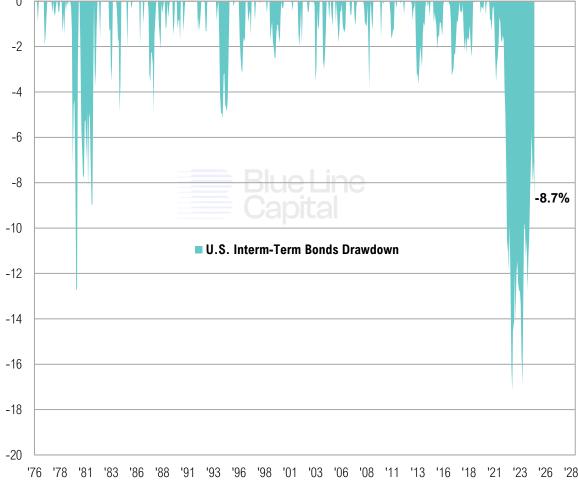
Source: Bloomberg. As of 1/15/2025.

We are in the biggest bond bear market of all time; bonds peaked in August 2020 and have yet to recover







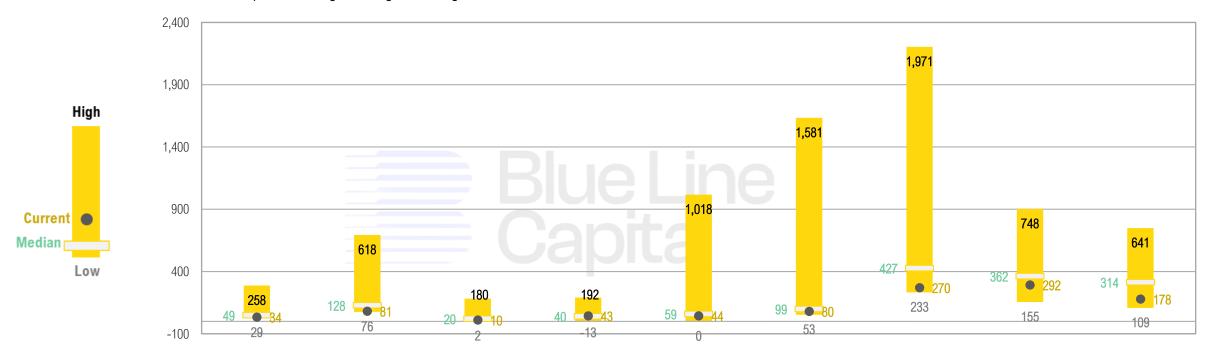


Source: Bloomberg. *QE Era defined as per Bianco Research from 6/30/2009 - 3/16/2022.



Credit spreads are near or below median across most sectors; high yield bond spreads at current levels continue to suggest that the economy may achieve a 'soft landing'

Current Credit Spread vs. Long-Term High/Low Range



									iligii ilelu wulli
	Aggregate	Corporate	Agency	MBS	ABS	CMBS	High Yield	Emerging Markets	Spread*
Max Spread Date	12/3/2008	12/3/2008	11/20/2008	12/3/2008	1/6/2009	11/21/2008	12/16/2008	11/28/2008	1/12/2009
Min Spread Date	4/14/2021	3/8/2005	4/19/2021	7/27/2010	10/1/2009	12/8/2004	5/22/2007	5/31/2007	6/11/2007
Spread on 12/31/23	42	99	17	47	68	126	323	319	235
Spread on 12/31/22	51	130	26	51	76	120	469	374	228
Spread on 12/31/21	36	92	8	31	38	68	283	330	200
Spread on 12/31/20	42	96	10	39	33	81	360	323	275

Source: Bloomberg. High Yield Muni Spread data is relative to Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index. Yield spread data is from 2004 - current.

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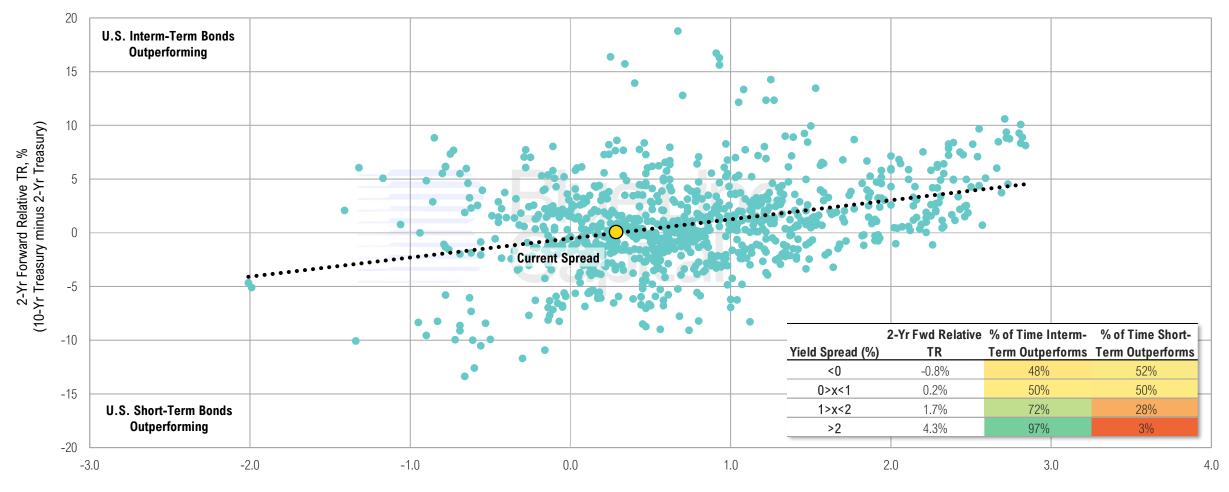


High Viold Muni

One of these cycles does not look like the others: credit spreads are at new cycle lows, while the yield curve continues to steepen



When the 2s10s spread is above 2%, investors should generally hold longer duration bonds; when it is between 1% and 2%, it is not a home run; and below 1% is a coin toss



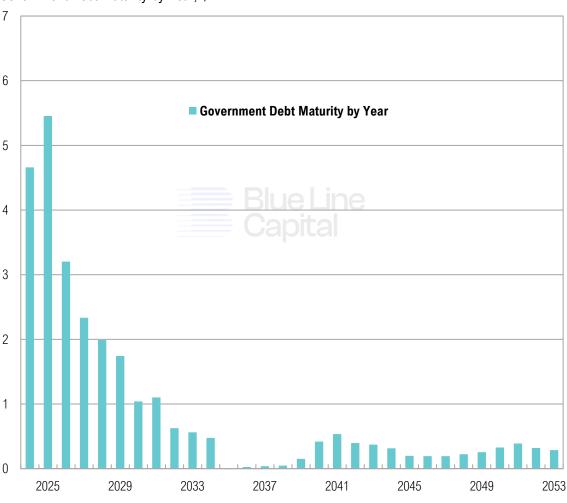
10-Yr minus 2-Yr Treasury Yield Spread, %

Source: Bloomberg, GFD, SpringTide calculations. Period of analysis from 12/31/1940 through 1/31/2023.

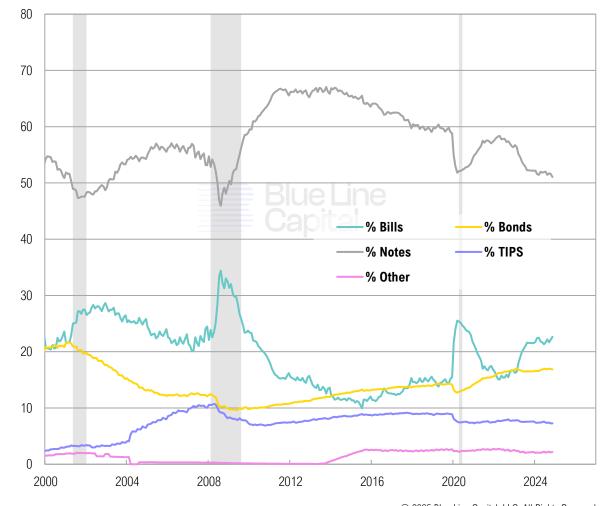
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Over \$5Tn in government debt matures in 2025, and will be rolled at much higher rates; bill issuance, which comprises over 22% of total debt, is expected to start declining this year





Debt Distribution, % of Total U.S. Marketable Debt Outstanding

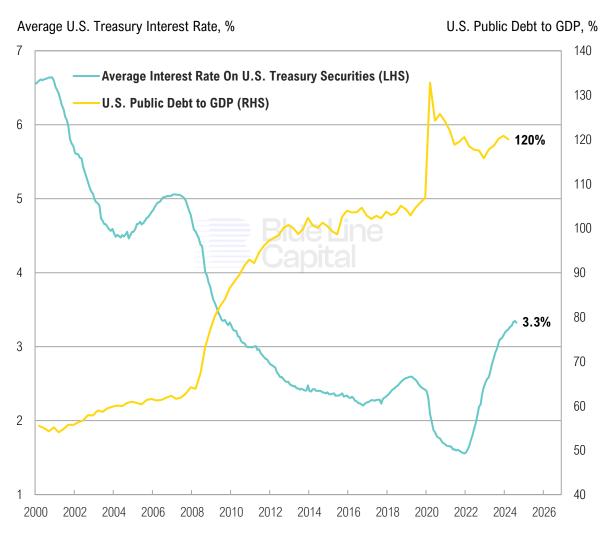


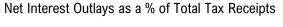
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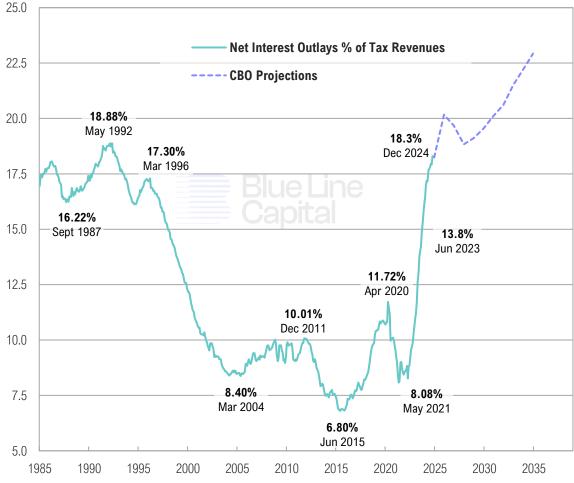
Source: Bloomberg, U.S. Department of the Treasury.



The average cost of Treasury debt outstanding has climbed to 3.3%, a level last seen when debt to GDP was 'just' 80%; tax receipts aren't keeping pace, with over 18% of taxes going only to net interest payments

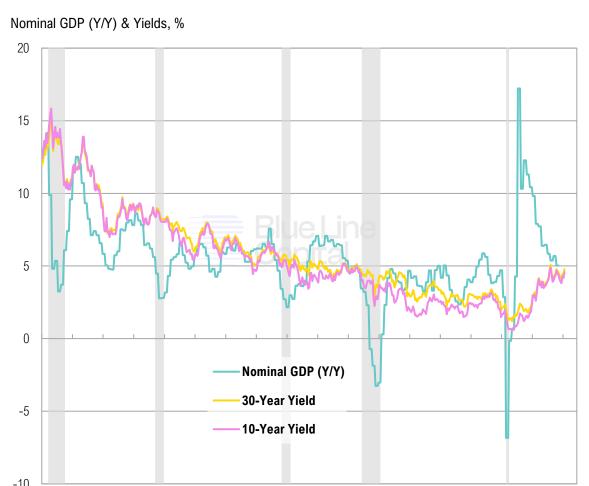




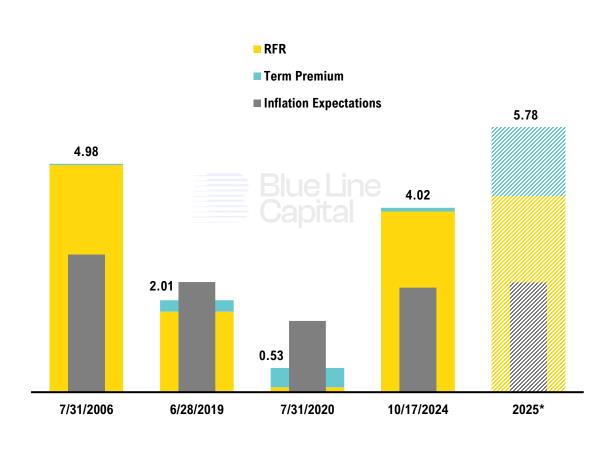


Source: U.S. Treasury, CBO. LHS as of 9/30/2024. RHS as of 12/31/2024.

Historically, long-term yields tend to follow nominal GDP; pro-growth policy that drives up nominal GDP may have implications for bond yields



10-Year Yield Building Blocks, %



Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide calculations. RFR = risk free rate, proxied by 2-year Treasury yield; Term Premium = 2s10s Treasury spread; Credit Risk = hypothetical; Inflation Expectations = 10-year TIPS breakeven. *2025 10-year yield breakdown is hypothetical. Assumptions are: RFR = 4.28%; Term Premium = 1.5% (historic full market cycle average is 86bps).





The 2–3-year part of yield curve has an attractive risk-reward profile—yields could rise 1.5% in the next year and total returns would still be positive

		Estimated 1-Year Total Return for Given Change in Yields											
	_						Ter	nor					
		3-Mnth	6-Mnth	1-Yr	2-Yr	3-Yr	4-Yr	5-Yr	7-Yr	10-Yr	15-Yr	20-Yr	30-Yr
	3.0%	3.6%	2.9%	1.4%	-1.2%	-3.9%	-6.3%	-8.6%	-13.0%	-18.8%	-26.7%	-32.6%	-41.9%
	2.5%	3.7%	3.1%	1.9%	-0.3%	-2.5%	-4.5%	-6.4%	-10.1%	-14.8%	-21.5%	-26.3%	-34.1%
	2.0%	3.8%	3.3%	2 <u>.4</u> %	0 <u>.6</u> %	-1 <u>.1</u> %	-2.7%	-4.2%	-7.1%	-10.9%	-16.2%	-20.1%	-26.3%
(%)	1.5%	3.9%	3.6%	2.8%	1.6%	0.3%	-0.9%	-2.0%	-4.2%	-7.0%	-10.9%	-13.8%	-18.5%
s (%	1.0%	4.1%	3.8%	3.3%	2.5%	1.7%	0.9%	0.2%	-1.2%	-3.1%	-5.6%	-7.5%	-10.7%
Yields	0.5%	4.2%	4.1%	3.7%	3.4%	3.1%	2.7%	2.4%	1.7%	0.8%	-0.3%	-1.3%	-2.9%
.⊑ 	0.0%	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%	4.3%	4.4%	4.5%	4.6%	4.7%	4.8%	4.9%	5.0%	5.0%
ge	-0.5%	4.4%	4.6%	4.7%	5.3%	5.8%	6.4%	6.8%	7.6%	8.7%	10.2%	11.3%	12.8%
Change	-1.0%	4.6%	4.8%	5.1%	6.2%	7.2%	8.2%	9.0%	10.6%	12.6%	15.5%	17.6%	20.7%
0	-1.5%	4.7%	5.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%	10.0%	11.2%	13.5%	16.5%	20.8%	23.9%	28.5%
	-2.0%	4.8%	5.3%	6.1%	8.1%	10.0%	11.8%	13.4%	16.5%	20.5%	26.1%	30.2%	36.4%
	-2.5%	4.9%	5.5%	6.5%	9.0%	11.4%	13.6%	15.6%	19.4%	24.4%	31.4%	36.5%	44.3%
	-3.0%	5.1%	5.8%	7 <u>.0</u> %	9.9%	12.8%	15.4%	17.8%	22.4%	28.3%	36.7%	42.8%	52.2%
D	uration (Yrs)	0.2	0.5	0.9	1.9	2.8	3.6	4.4	5.9	7.8	10.6	12.6	15.7
	Yield YTM	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.0
	Convexity	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.4	2.1	3.6

Yield Increase Insulation by Tenor:

2-Year: +2.0% (rise in yields)

3-Year: +1.5%4-Year: +1.0%5-Year: +1.0%

Total Returns by Tenor (for a 1% decline in yields):

15-Year: +15.5%20-Year: +17.6%30-Year: +20.7%

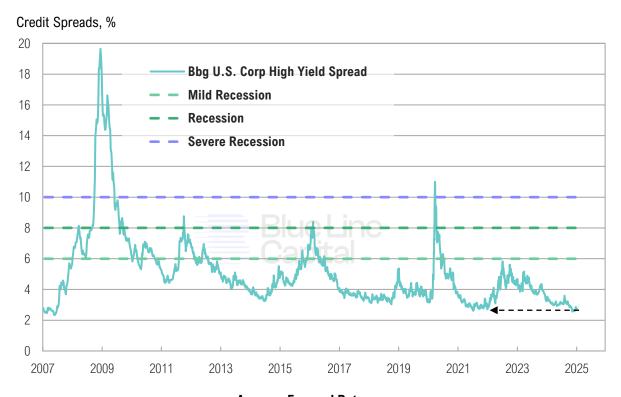
Total Returns by Tenor (for a 1% increase in yields):

15-Year: -5.6%20-Year: -7.5%30-Year: -10.7%

Source: Bloomberg

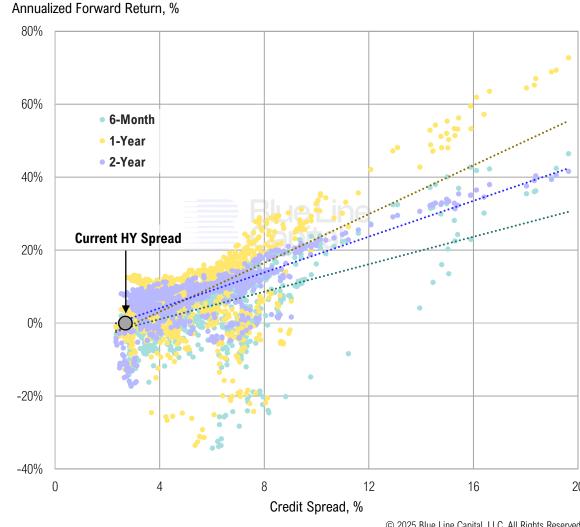


Not attractive: at ~274bps, credit spreads are in line with pre-COVID lows; low credit spreads continue to suggest runway for the economy (i.e., a 'soft landing')



	Average Forward Return									
Spread Buckets	3M	6M	1Y	2Y	3Y					
<u>≤</u> 4	0.7%	1.9%	4.8%	3.0%	3.9%					
4 < Spread ≤ 6	1.6%	3.2%	5.6%	6.5%	6.3%					
6 < Spread ≤ 8	1.4%	2.2%	7.7%	9.8%	10.2%					
>8	7.4%	16.4%	30.2%	22.1%	17.1%					
All Spreads	1.7%	3.7%	8.1%	7.7%	7.9%					

Source: SpringTide, Bloomberg. Forward return analysis from 2/4/1994 through 12/31/2023.



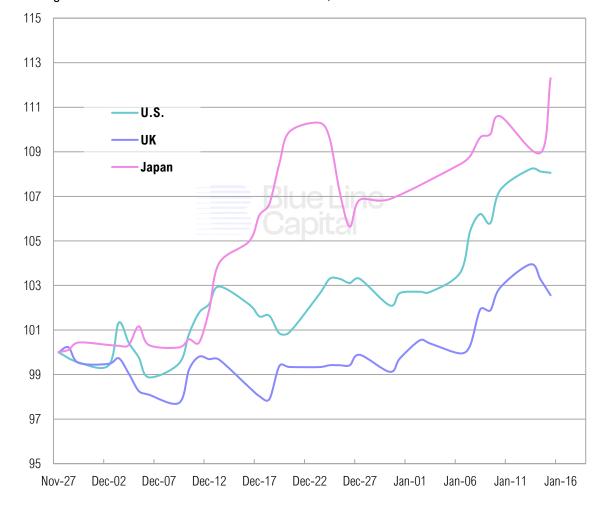


The recent rise in global bond yields has primarily been driven by higher long-term inflation expectations

10-Year Government Bond Yields Change Since 11/27/2024, Growth of 100



Change in Inflation Breakeven Rates Since 11/27/2024, Growth of 100

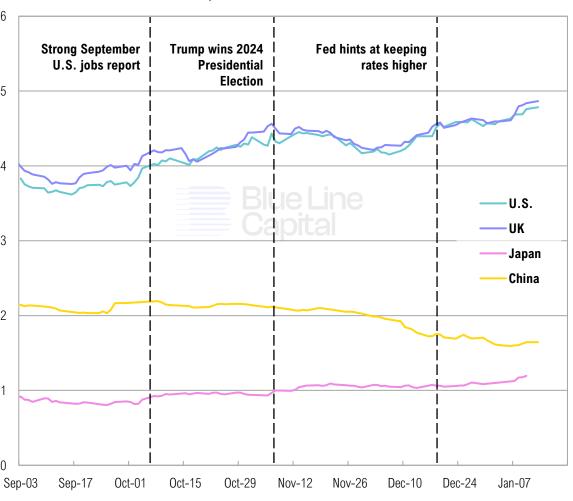


Source: Bloomberg

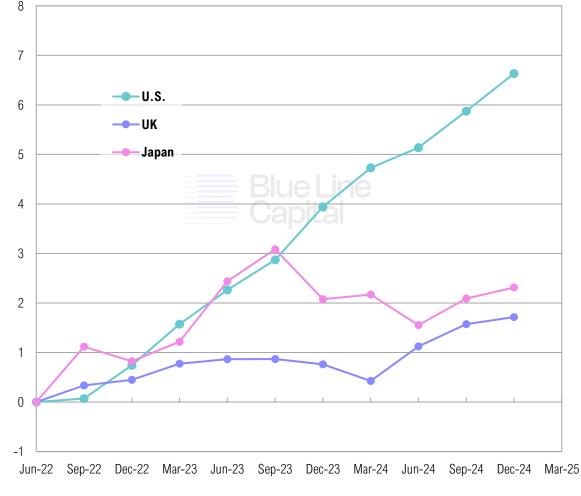


Are rising U.S. Treasury yields also reflecting strong economic growth? Despite inflation well above target, U.S. economic growth has been far stronger than developed peers







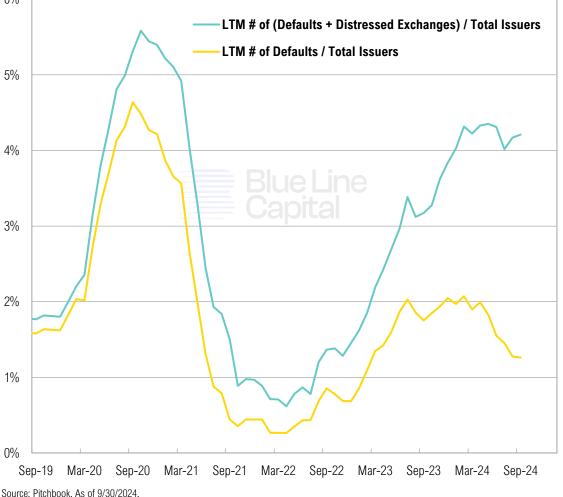


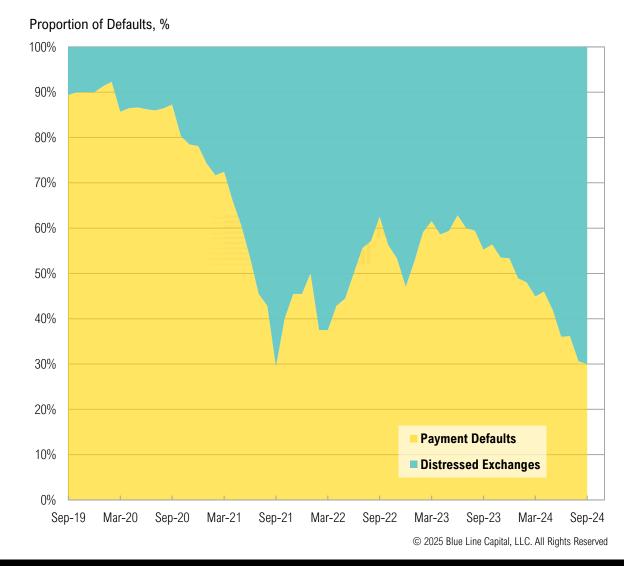
Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.



Distressed exchanges are replacing traditional defaults, masking issues







If you think about these generative AI models that folks are building, estimates suggest that in two or three models' time, an individual model may require somewhere between one to five gigawatts of power, which is equivalent to powering a small to medium, or even a large city—about a million households or so.

Matt Garman, AWS CEO

The recent breakout in commodities, which is primarily being driven by oil & gas, is interesting with the backdrop of a very strong dollar and weakness in China

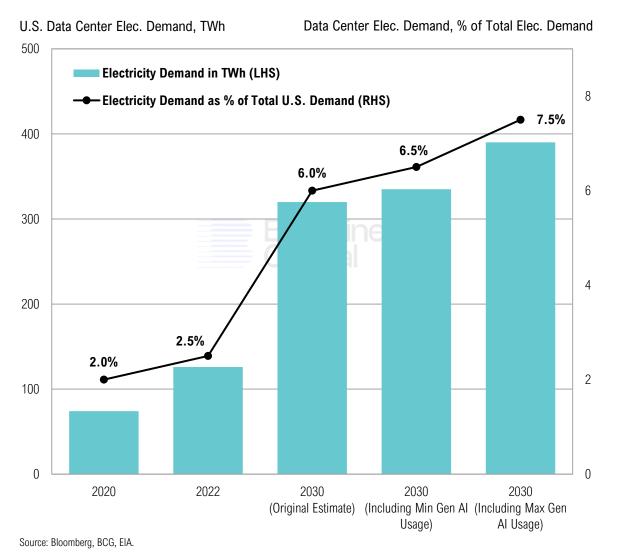
Bloomberg Commodity Index



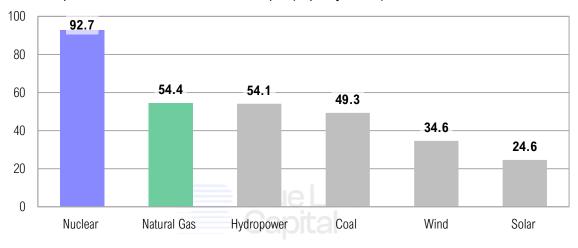




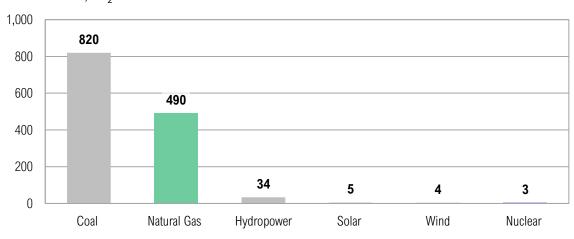
Al and data centers are expected to be key drivers of future U.S. power demand; given consistent output requirements for data centers, natural gas and nuclear are the best energy sources to meet demand



Actual Output as a % of Maximum Possible Output (Capacity Factor)



C02 Emissions, CO2/GWh

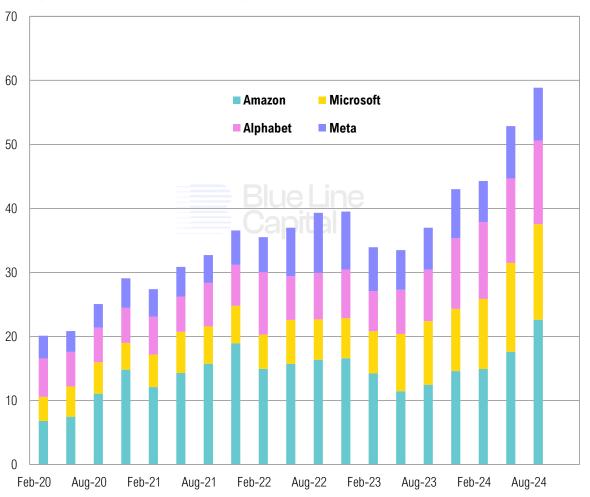




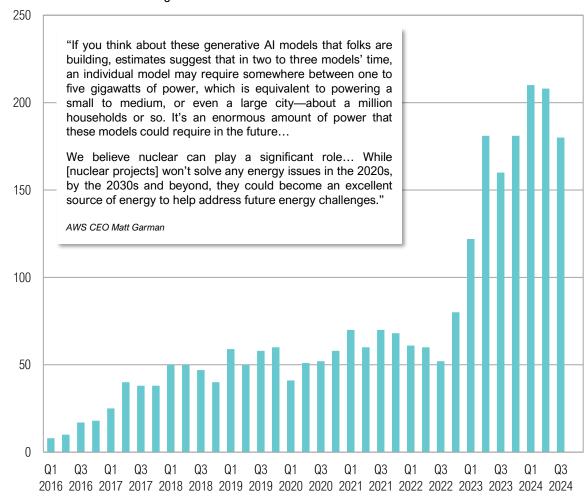


Al remains a priority for U.S. companies; Al-related investments (including data centers and nuclear power projects) have accelerated

Property & Equipment Capital Expenditure by Quarter, \$Bn



"AI" Mentions on Q3 Earnings Calls



Source: Bloomberg, BCG, EIA, FactSet, IoT Analytics.



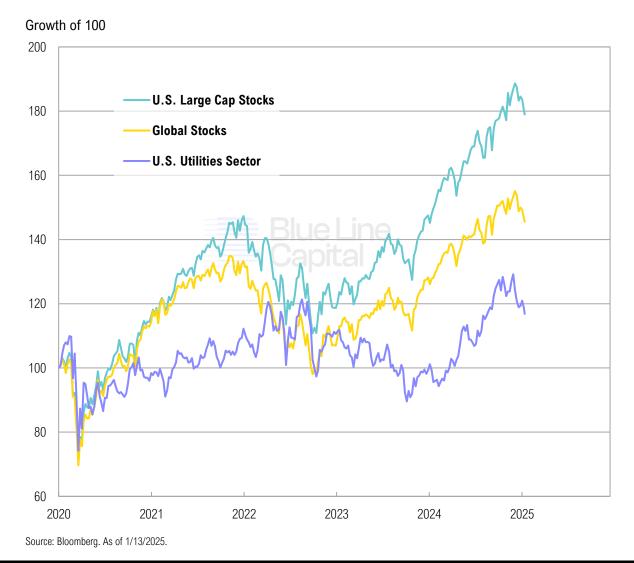
Spot uranium prices have recently dropped, despite long-term contracting prices (negotiated between utilities and miners) remaining stable; despite having little impact on miner profits, spot prices have been driving stock prices

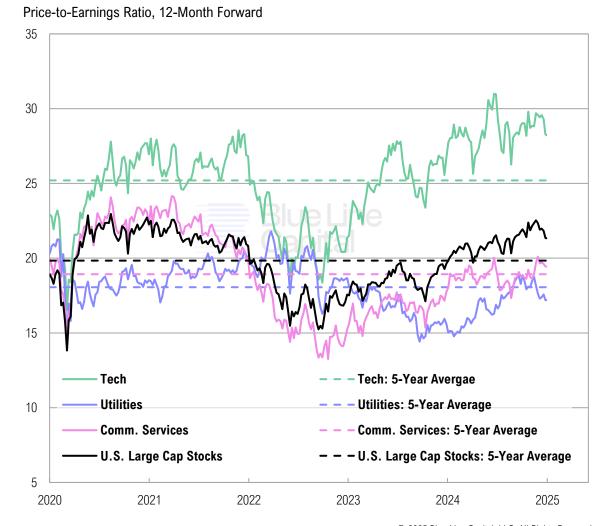






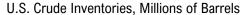
Despite rallying >23% in 2024, U.S. utilities have notably lagged both U.S. large cap stocks and global stocks over the past five years; utility valuations are below their 5-year averages

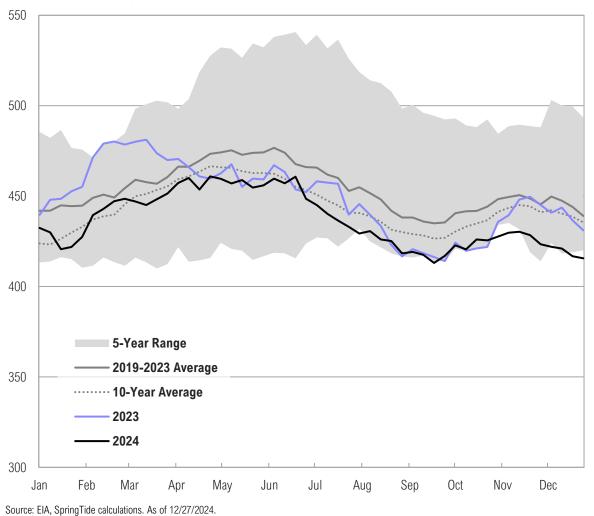




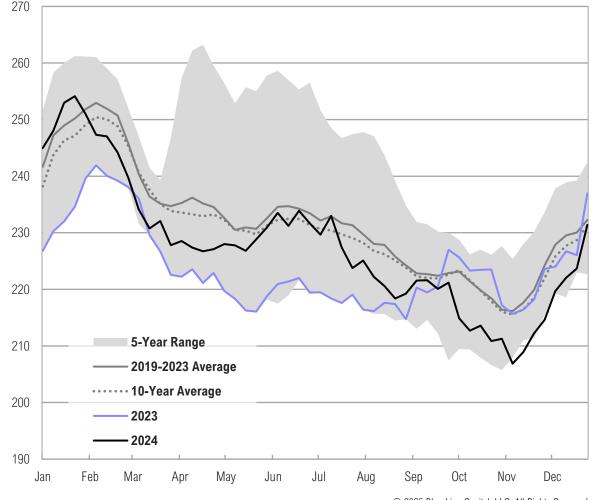


Crude inventories ended 2024 below the low end of their five-year range, while gasoline inventories ended in line with average levels due to higher refinery output



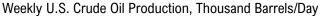


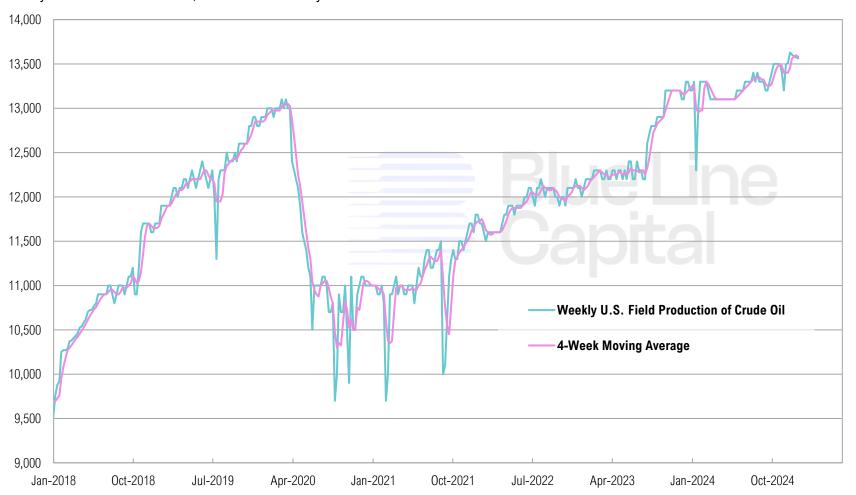
U.S. Gasoline Inventories, Millions of Barrels





Part of the incoming administration's plans are to increase U.S. energy production; oil production has been rising, once again surpassing pre-pandemic levels

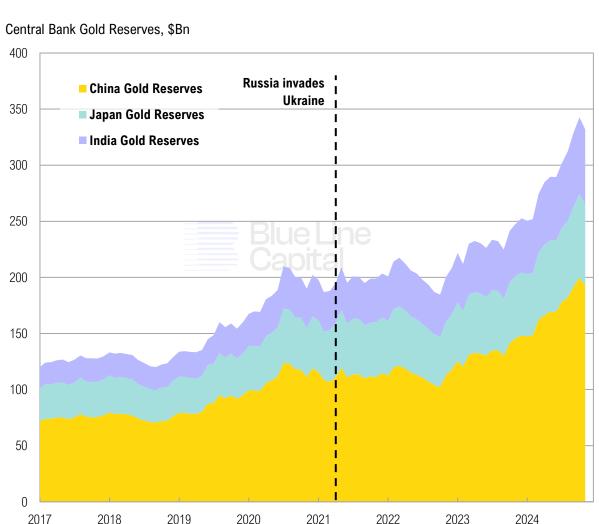


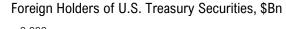


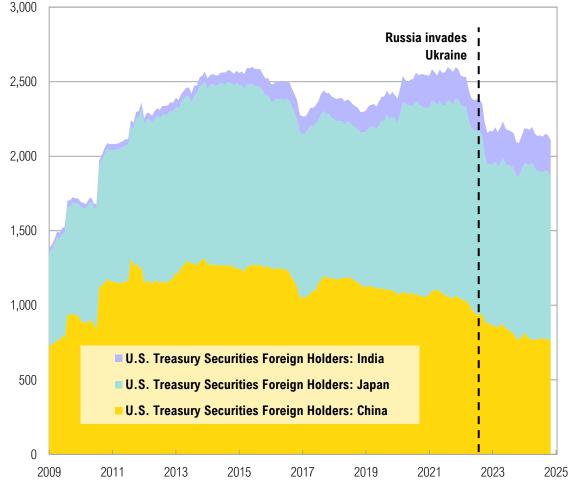
- Scott Bessent has outlined a "3-3" target, which includes achieving 3% economic growth, reducing the federal deficit to 3% of GDP by 2028, and increasing daily energy production by the equivalent of 3 million barrels of oil.
- This is approximately a 20% increase from current energy production levels.
- Oil production has been trending higher, which could contribute to further bringing down energy prices (and subsequently easing inflation).

Source: EIA. As of 1/3/2025.

Accompanied by 'flight to safety' (geopolitics, U.S. fiscal situation), gold's resilience despite higher real rates likely reflects sovereigns favoring gold; higher real rates remain a risk

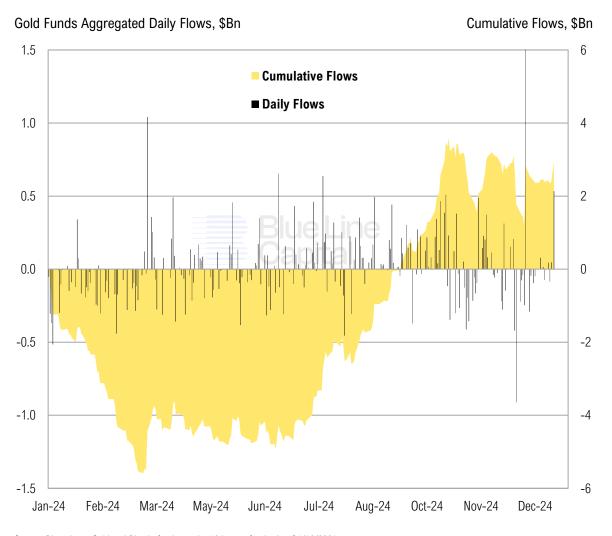


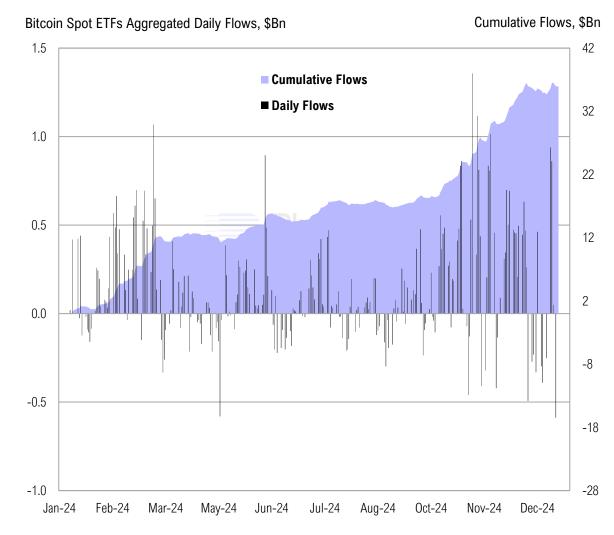




Source: Bloomberg. Gold reserve data as of 11/30/2024. Foreign Treasury holdings as of 10/31/2024.

Gold fund flows started picking back up again in September; bitcoin flows have been more consistent and continue to rise as the price of bitcoin climbs

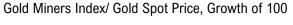


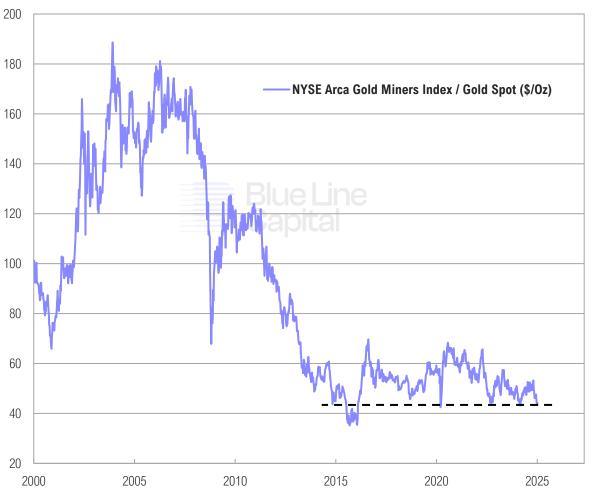


Source: Bloomberg. Gold and Bitcoin funds are the 10 largest funds. As of 1/10/2025.

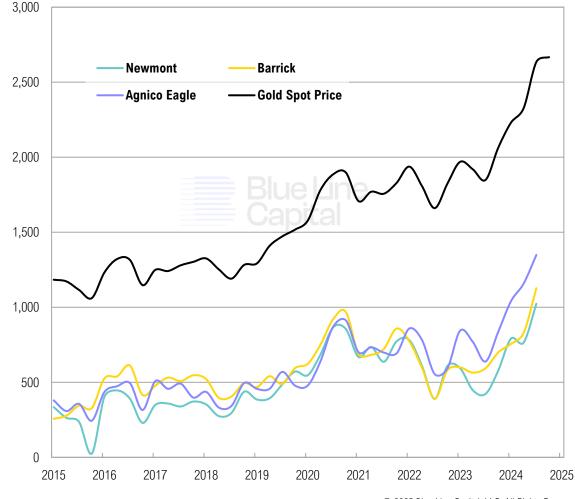


Gold miners continue to look attractive vs. physical, but miners have been plagued by rising costs, country-specific issues, and labor challenges, among other things





Profit Margin: Gold Spot Price minus All In Sustaining Costs, \$/Oz

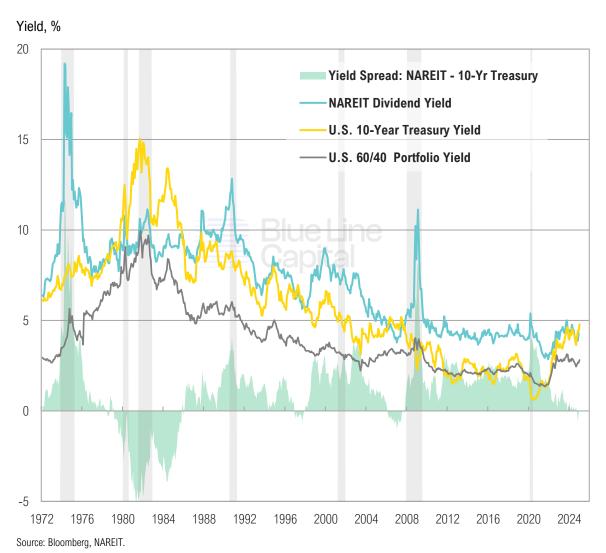


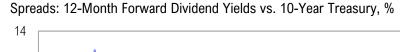
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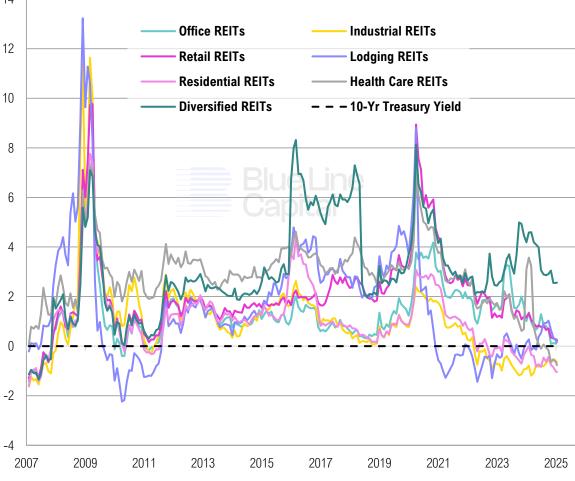
Source: Bloomberg, RHS assumes stable 24Q4 costs vs gold spot price. As of 1/13/2025.



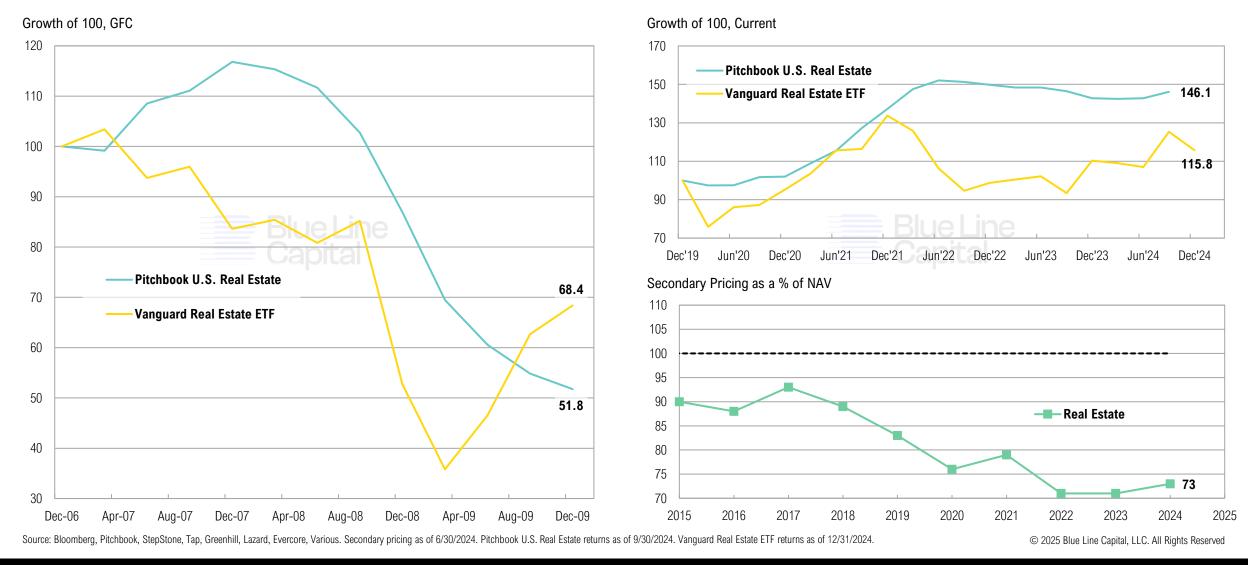
U.S. REITs are down >10% since the start of December, as higher yields have weighed on the asset class; despite the pullback, most REIT sectors still appear wholly unattractive on a relative yield basis







Private real estate funds have not marked down properties - while the gap has closed with public markets, secondary transactions remain at deep discounts

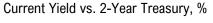


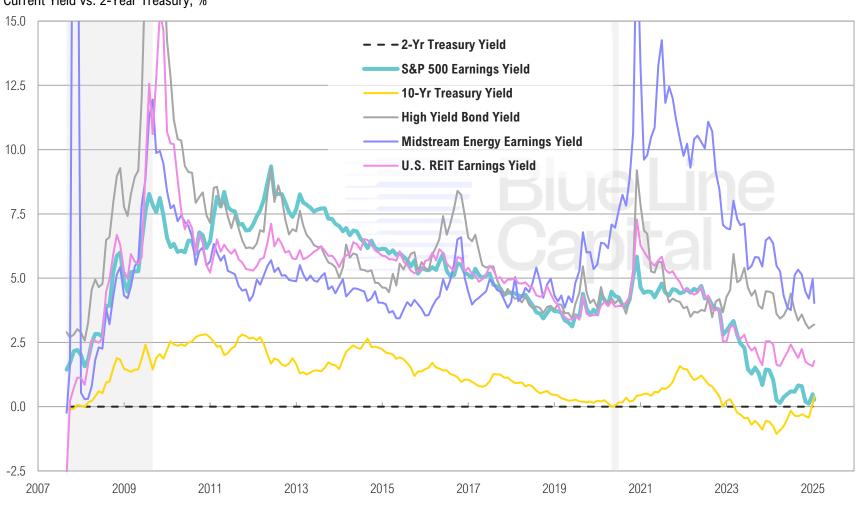
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I've talked to a lot of our investors who tell me I'm completely missing the boat and tell me all the great things about crypto, and you know what? They've been right, not me, because it keeps going up... We will get into spot crypto when the regulatory environment changes, and we do anticipate that it will change, and we're getting ready for that eventuality."

Rick Wurster, Charles Schwab Incoming CEO

The relative yield case for high-yield bonds and REITs has been eroded by spread tightening/ higher Treasury yields





Current Yield:

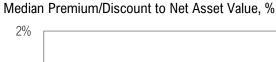
- 2-Year Treasury: 4.39%
- **10-Year Treasury: 4.79%**
- U.S. High Yield Bonds: 7.59%
- S&P 500: 4.66%
- Midstream Energy: 8.42%
- U.S. REITs: 6.17% earnings yield (4.15% dividend yield)

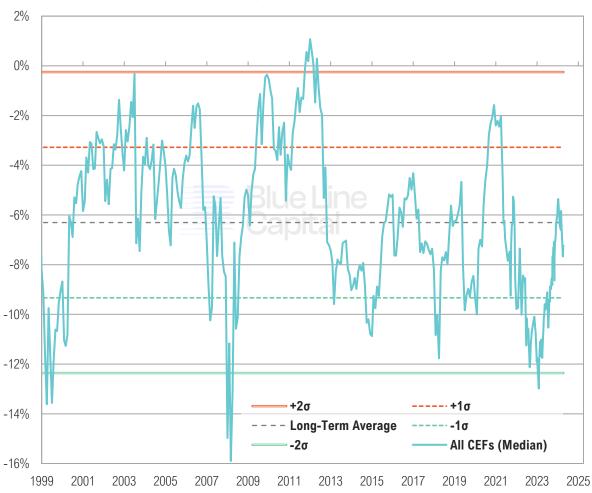
Source: Bloomberg. S&P 500, Midstream Energy and U.S. REIT yields proxied by forward 12-month estimated earnings yields. As of 1/14/2025.

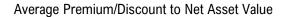


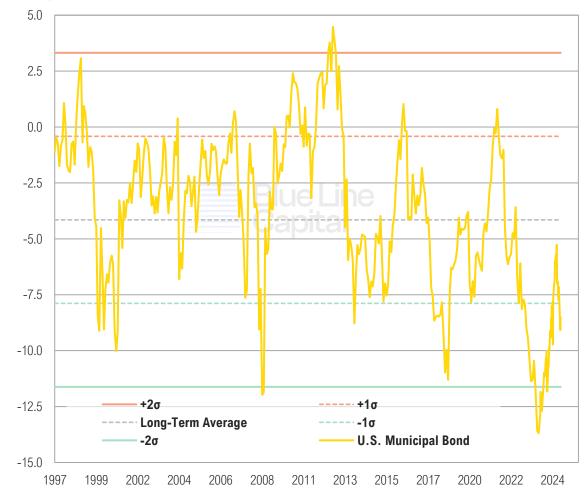


Median CEF discounts have been widening since last October and are now back below average levels; U.S. Muni CEF discounts are also more enticing, having widened from -5.3% to -9.1%



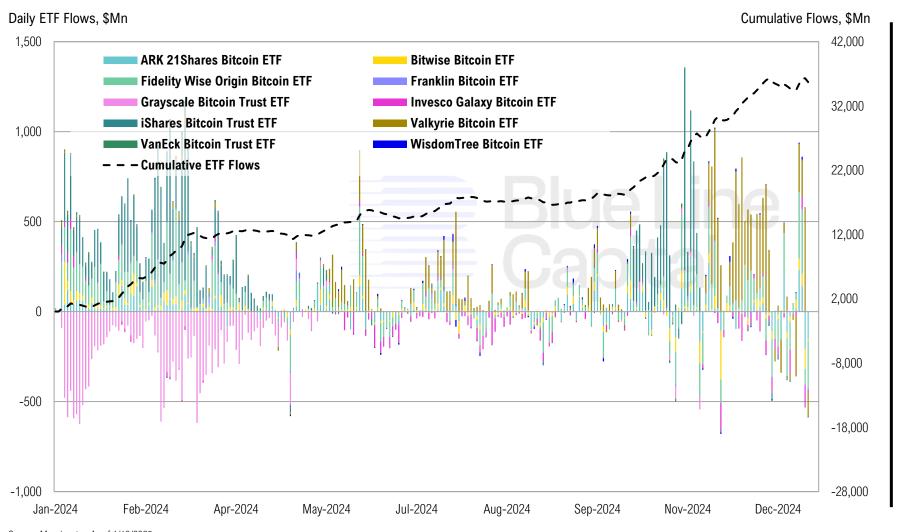


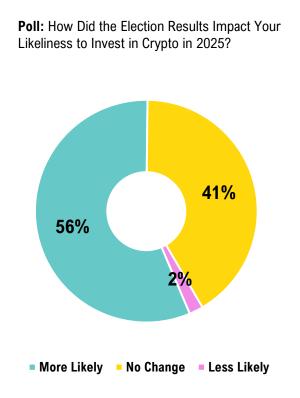




Source: Bloomberg. As of 1/14/2025.

Bitcoin spot ETFs have stabilized and are moving higher again; the election outcome increased investor willingness to invest in crypto





Source: Morningstar. As of 1/10/2025.

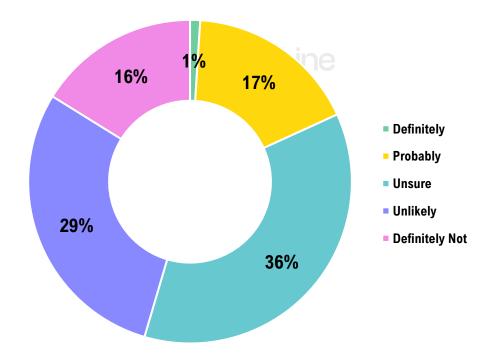


Is crypto starting to be recognized as a real asset class? Despite increased investment, financial advisors remain skeptical, with regulations and volatility key concerns

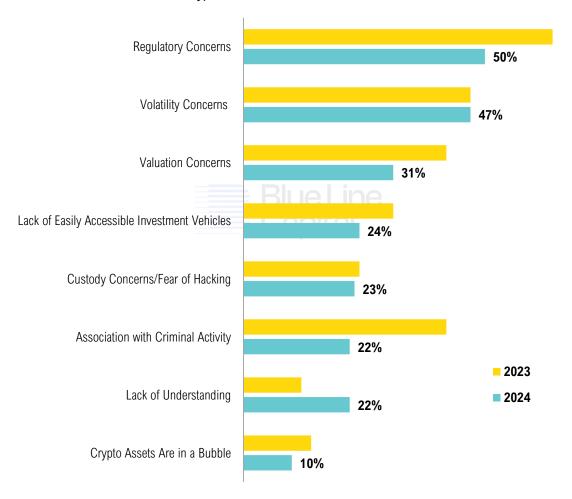
Poll: Do You Currently Allocate to Crypto in Client Accounts?

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Yes	6%	9%	16%	15%	11%	22%
No	94%	91%	84%	85%	89%	78%

Poll: If You Do Not Allocate to Crypto in Client Accounts, Do You Plan To in 2025?



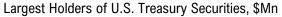
U.S. Investor Concerns With Crypto Investments, %

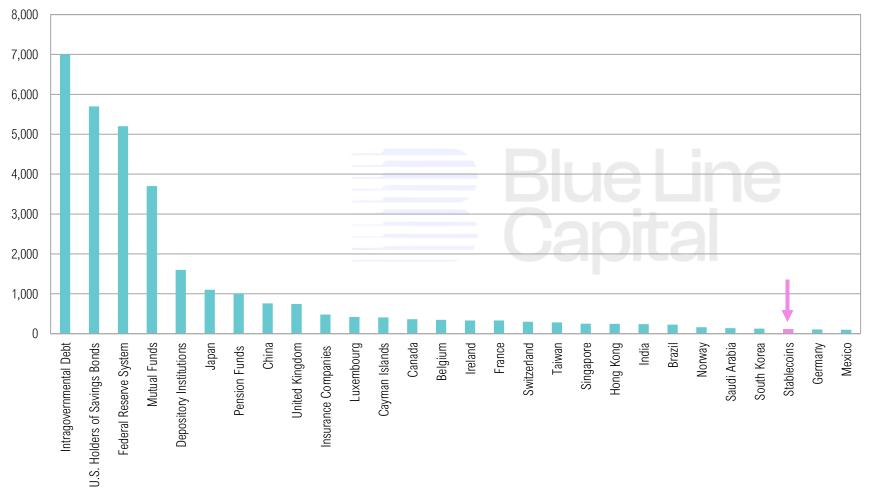


Source: Bitwise/VettaFi 2025 Benchmark Survey with 430 U.S. financial advisors between 11/14/2024 – 12/20/2024.

Blue Line

Stablecoins (at \$120 billion) are the 26th largest holder of U.S. Treasury securities





- Stablecoins are a type of cryptocurrency designed to maintain a stable value by being pegged to an external asset or a basket of assets.
- Their primary goal is to reduce the price volatility typically associated with cryptocurrencies like Bitcoin or Ethereum, making them more suitable for everyday use, such as payments, remittances, and as a store of value.
- Stablecoin are also becoming key players in cross-border transactions. They significantly reduce transaction costs and are more time-efficient.

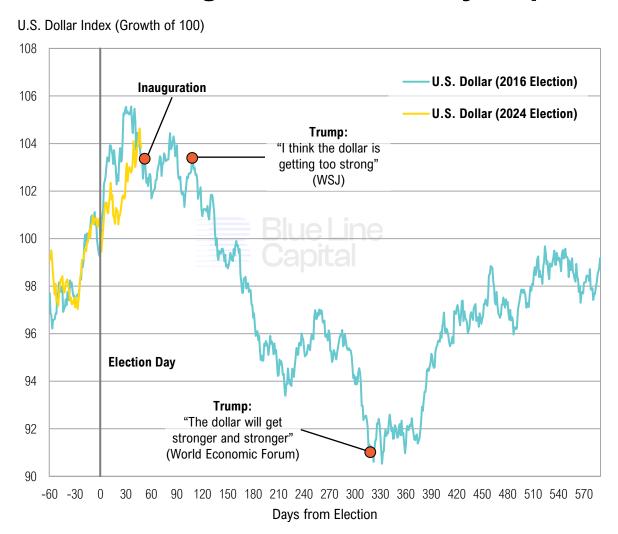
Source: U.S. Department of Treasury, Visual Capitalist, Tagus Capital. As of 10/31/2024.

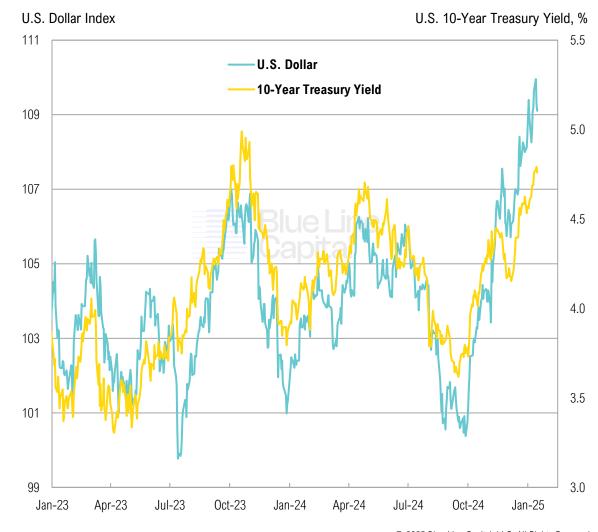


Risk and time are opposite sides of the same coin, for if there were no tomorrow there would be no risk. Time transforms risk, and the nature of risk is shaped by the time horizon: the future is the playing field."

Peter L. Bernstein, Investor & Economist

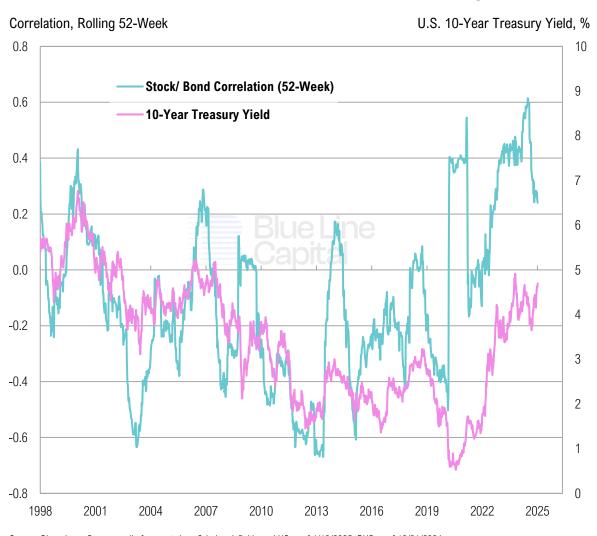
The USD reaction to this election is similar to what happened in 2016; a declining USD would likely require lower interest rates

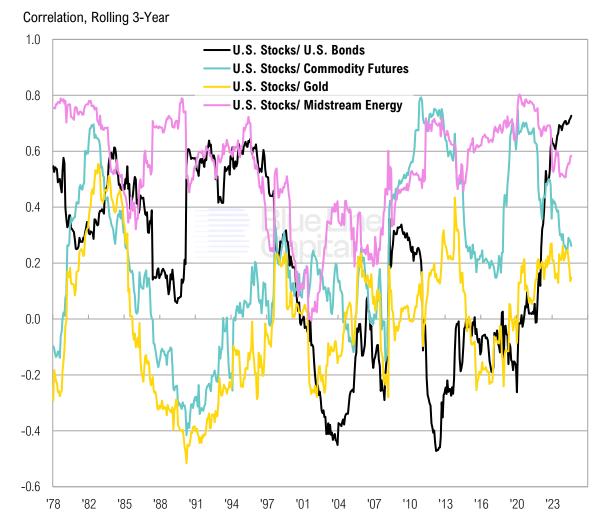




Source: Bloomberg. As of 1/15/2025.

Bonds have recently provided less diversification benefits to stocks than other asset classes; this would likely require hard-landing fears to change





Source: Bloomberg. See appendix for asset class & index definitions. LHS as of 1/10/2025; RHS as of 12/31/2024.



Even if not base case, returns during periods of stress (stagflation, bubble unwinds, banking crisis) contrast so starkly with the last 15 years that they should be considered

	1970s St	agflation				Tech Bubbl	е			G	FC		**	Election
1972	1973	1974	1975	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2007	2008	2009	2010	Average	11/5/24
Gold	Gold	Gold	U.S. Small Cap	EM Stocks	Midstrm Energy	Midstrm Energy	Commodities 25.9%	EM Stocks	EM Stocks	U.S. Interm Bds	EM Stocks	Midstrm Energy	Gold	Midstrm Energy
48.3%	73.5%	67.0%	52.8%	57.6%	45.7%	43.7%		55.8%	39.4%	5.2%	78.5%	35.9%	19.7%	12.7%
Commodities 37.0%	Commodities 58.4%	Commodities 9.8%	U.S. Large Cap 37.2%	Intl Dev Stocks 27.0%	Commodities 31.8%	U.S. REITs 12.8%	Gold 24.0%	U.S. Small Cap 47.3%	Gold 31.6%	Intl Dev Bonds 4.4%	Midstrm Energy 76.4%	U.S. REITs 28.5%	Midstrm Energy 14.6%	Commodities 4.8%
Intl Dev Stocks 30.1%	U.S. REITs 20.2%	Cash 8.0%	Intl Dev Stocks 32.3%	Commodities 24.3%	U.S. REITs 26.8%	U.S. Interm Bds 8.4%	Intl Dev Bonds 22.4%	Midstrm Energy 44.5%	Commodities 16.2%	U.S. Muni Bds 4.2%	U.S. HY Bonds 58.2%	Gold 27.7%	Commodities 13.3%	U.S. Large Cap 2.6%
Midstrm Energy	Cash	EM Stocks	Midstrm Energy	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. Muni Bds	U.S. Interm Bds	Intl Dev Stocks	Midstrm Energy	Gold	Intl Dev Stocks	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. REITs	Cash
20.3%	7.3%	6.0%	27.1%	21.3%	11.6%	5.5%	10.3%	38.6%	12.7%	3.4%	31.8%	26.9%	8.2%	0.9%
U.S. Large Cap	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. REITs	U.S. 60/40	U.S. Large Cap	U.S. Muni Bds	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. Muni Bds	U.S. REITs	Intl Dev Stocks	Cash	U.S. REITs	EM Stocks	EM Stocks	U.S. 60/40
19.0%	6.9%	4.8%	24.7%	21.0%	8.2%	5.3%	8.7%	36.7%	11.2%	1.8%	28.6%	18.9%	5.9%	0.9%
U.S. REITs	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. 60/40	Cash	Cash	U.S. REITs	U.S. HY Bonds	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. 60/40	Gold	Commodities 16.8%	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. HY Bonds
17.4%	6.8%	4.1%	16.4%	12.2%	6.1%	4.1%	3.6%	29.0%	11.0%	-21.6%	27.6%		5.9%	0.6%
U.S. 60/40	Midstrm Energy	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. REITs	Cash	U.S. 60/40	U.S. Small Cap	Cash	U.S. Large Cap	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. Small Cap
12.2%	5.8%	2.9%	14.1%	4.8%	-1.1%	2.5%	1.7%	28.7%	7.0%	-26.2%	27.2%	15.1%	5.6%	0.3%
Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. Muni Bds	U.S. Muni Bds	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. HY Bonds	EM Stocks	Gold	U.S. HY Bonds	Commodities 24.0%	U.S. 60/40	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. Large Cap	U.S. Large Cap	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. Muni Bds
9.4%	4.8%	-5.6%	8.7%	2.4%	-1.6%	1.4%	-1.4%		6.2%	-33.8%	26.5%	15.1%	5.0%	-0.4%
U.S. Small Cap 4.4%	U.S. Interm Bds 3.3%	U.S. 60/40 -14.6%	Cash 5.9%	Gold 1.2%	U.S. Small Cap -3.0%	EM Stocks -2.6%	Midstrm Energy -3.4%	Gold 21.7%	U.S. Large Cap 5.5%	Commodities -35.6%	Commodities 18.9%	U.S. 60/40 12.2%	U.S. Muni Bds 4.1%	U.S. Interm Bds -1.7%
Cash	EM Stocks	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. Muni Bds	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. 60/40	EM Stocks	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. Muni Bds	Midstrm Energy	U.S. 60/40	Intl Dev Stocks	Cash	Gold
4.2%	3.3%	-17.2%	5.6%	0.6%	-3.9%	-3.3%	-6.2%	19.4%	4.8%	-36.9%	18.5%	7.8%	3.8%	-2.8%
U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. 60/40	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. Muni Bds	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. HY Bonds	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. 60/40	U.S. 60/40	Cash	U.S. Large Cap	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. 60/40	Intl Dev Stocks
3.5%	-7.7%	-19.9%	4.6%	-0.8%	-5.9%	-3.7%	-9.5%	18.6%	4.8%	-37.0%	7.5%	6.6%	2.7%	-4.3%
U.S. Muni Bds	Intl Dev Stocks	Midstrm Energy	Commodities -0.8%	U.S. REITs	Gold	U.S. Large Cap	Intl Dev Stocks	U.S. Muni Bds	U.S. HY Bonds	U.S. REITs	U.S. Muni Bds	Intl Dev Bonds	U.S. Small Cap	Intl Dev Bonds
3.2%	-10.7%	-20.8%		-4.6%	-6.3%	-11.9%	-15.9%	4.4%	1.9%	-38.0%	7.2%	4.9%	2.1%	-4.8%
U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. Large Cap	Intl Dev Stocks	EM Stocks	Midstrm Energy	U.S. Large Cap	Commodities -19.5%	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. Small Cap	Intl Dev Stocks	U.S. Interm Bds	U.S. Muni Bds	Intl Dev Stocks	U.S. REITs
2.4%	-14.7%	-25.4%	-12.9%	-7.8%	-9.1%		-20.5%	4.1%	-1.6%	-43.4%	5.9%	3.1%	0.2%	-4.9%
EM Stocks	U.S. Small Cap	U.S. Large Cap	Gold	Intl Dev Bonds	Intl Dev Stocks	Intl Dev Stocks	U.S. Large Cap	Cash	U.S. REITs	EM Stocks	Cash	Cash	U.S. Large Cap	EM Stocks
-27.2%	-30.9%	-26.5%	-25.2%	-8.8%	-14.2%	-21.4%	-22.1%	1.0%	-16.8%	-53.3%	0.1%	0.1%	-0.3%	-6.4%

U.S. 60/40

U.S. Large Cap

U.S. Small Cap

Intl Dev Stocks

Emerging Stocks U.S. Municipal Bonds

U.S Int-Term Bonds

U.S. High Yield Bds

Intl Dev Bonds

U.S. REITs

Commodities

Gold

Midstream Energy

Cash

Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide. See disclosures for asset class, index and portfolio definitions. Returns are gross of fees. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. **Geometric average calculated on the years included to the left. Returns for periods longer than 1 year are annualized. Election returns as of 1/15/2025.





Higher equity valuations have resulted in more muted long-term forward returns, with bonds and credit looking relatively more attractive





Expected 10-Year Volatility (Standard Deviation), %

Source: Bloomberg, CA, Pitchbook, Morningstar, NAREIT, SpringTide calculations. Returns are gross of fees unless stated otherwise.

Asset Class	Expected Returns (%)	Expected Volatility (%)
Venture Capital	10.5	13.8
Digital Assets	8.7	29.5
Closed-End Funds	8.4	13.1
U.S. Small & Micro Cap	8.4	21.2
Intl Dev Small & Micro Stocks	8.0	18.2
Private Credit	7.4	7.6
Relative Value	7.3	4.7
Midstream Energy	7.0	24.9
Insurance-Linked Securities	6.9	4.4
Gold	6.9	17.4
U.S. High Yield Muni Bonds	6.8	7.8
U.S. Bank Loans	6.8	6.9
Ex U.S. Real Estate Securities	6.7	20.2
Intl Dev Large Cap Stocks	6.4	18.7
Commodity Futures	6.3	16.8
Private Real Estate	6.2	17.5
U.S. REITs	6.2	20.1
Emerging & Frontier Mkt Bonds	6.1	10.8
Long-Short Equity	5.8	7.9
Public BDCs	5.5	21.5
U.S. High Yield Bonds	5.4	9.5
U.S. Interm-Term Muni Bonds	5.2	3.0
Private Equity	5.1	15.4
Global Macro	5.1	6.4
■ Emerging & Frontier Mkt Stocks	5.0	23.6
U.S. Interm-Term Bonds	4.8	4.9
■ Global Stocks	4.7	17.1
U.S. Short-Term Muni Bonds	4.5	1.5
U.S. Short-Term Bonds	4.1	2.2
Cash/Ultra-Short Bonds	3.0	1.1
U.S. Large Cap Stocks	3.0	16.1
Intl Developed Bonds	2.6	9.4

³ Estimated returns include impact of currency adjustment

[†] Reported on a taxable-equivalent basis assuming 35% marginal tax rate.

Disclosures

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Asset Class	Benchmark	Index	Start Date	End Date	Data Source	
		S&P 500 TR Index	01/31/1970	n/a	Bloomberg, Ibbotson Associates,	
U.S. Large Cap Stocks	S&P 500 Index	IA SBBI US Large Stock TR Index	01/31/1926	12/31/1969	NYU/Stern	
		NYU/Stern S&P 500 TR	01/31/1920	12/31/1925	NTO/Sterri	
		Russell 2000 TR Index	01/31/1979	n/a	Bloomberg, Ibbotson Associates,	
U.S. Small & Micro Cap	Russell 2000 TR Index	IA SBBI US Small Stock TR Index	01/31/1926	12/31/1978	SpringTide	
		SpringTide U.S. Small & Micro Cap Premium-Based Extension	01/31/1920	12/31/1925	Springride	
Intl Dev Stocks	MSCI EAFE NR Index	MSCI EAFE NR Index	01/31/1970	n/a	MSCI, NYU/Stern	
IIIII Dev Olocvo	WOOT LAIL WITHINGS	NYU/Stern Developed World Indices	01/31/1920	12/31/1969	WISCI, INTO/Sterri	
EM & Frontier Stocks	MSCI Emerging Markets NR Index	MSCI Emerging Markets NR Index	01/31/2001	n/a	MSCI, NYU/Stern	
EIVI & FIUIILIEI SLUCKS	MISOT ETHERGING WINNERS INN HILLER	NYU/Stern Emerging World Index (Price)	01/31/1920	12/31/2000	MSCI, NTO/Sterri	
Clobal Stooks	MSCI ACWI NR Index	MSCI ACWI NR Index	01/31/2001	n/a	MSCI, NYU/Stern	
Global Stocks	MISCI ACMI NK IIIUex	NYU/Stern All World Index (Price)	01/31/1920	12/31/2000	MISCI, NYU/Sterri	
Vantura Canital	Cambridge Venture Capital	Cambridge Venture Capital	01/01/1981	n/a	Combridge CaringTide	
Venture Capital Cam	Cambridge Venture Capital	SpringTide Venture Capital Premium-Based Extension	01/31/1920	12/31/1980	Cambridge, SpringTide	
II C. Muni Dondo	Bloomberg Municipal 1-10Y Blend 1-12Y TR Index	Bloomberg Municipal 1-10Y Blend 1-12Y TR Index	07/31/1993		Ploomborg	
U.S. Muni Bonds	bloomberg wullicipal 1-101 blend 1-121 TK index	USA Municipal AAA Bonds Total Return Index (TRUSAMUM)	01/31/1920	06/30/1993	Bloomberg	
II.C. Long Torm Dondo	Bloomberg US Long Gov/Corp TR Index	Bloomberg US Long Gov/Corp TR Index	02/28/1999	n/a	Dicambara NVII/Ctorn	
U.S. Long-Term Bonds		NYU/Stern US 30Yr Government Bond TR Index	01/31/1920	01/31/1999	Bloomberg, NYU/Stern	
II C Interm Term Dande	Disambara IIC Aggregate Bond TD Indov	Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond TR Index	01/31/1976	n/a	Plaambara NVII/Starn	
U.S. Interm-Term Bonds	Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond TR Index	NYU/Stern US Total Return AAA Corporate Bond Index	01/31/1920	12/31/1975	Bloomberg, NYU/Stern	
		Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield TR Index	07/31/1983	n/a	Disambers Ibbetson Associates	
U.S. High Yield Bonds	Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield TR Index	IA Bloomberg US HY Corporate Bonds	02/28/1926	06/30/1983	Bloomberg, Ibbotson Associates,	
		SpringTide U.S. High Yield Bonds Premium-Based Extension	01/31/1920	01/31/1926	SpringTide	
Intl Dev Bonds	Disambara Clabal Aggregate ov LICD TD Indov	Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD TR Index	01/31/1990	n/a	Diagraphara NVII/Ctarn	
IIIII Dev Dollas	Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD TR Index	NYU/Stern All World ex-USA Government Bond Index	01/31/1920	12/31/1989	Bloomberg, NYU/Stern	
U.S. REITs	MSCI US REIT GR Index	MSCI US REIT GR Index	01/01/1995	n/a	Dlaambara Winana	
U.S. NEIIS	MISOL OS VELL ON ILIAEX	Winans US Real Estate Index (WIREI)	01/01/1920	12/31/1994	Bloomberg, Winans	
Commodity Futures	Plaambara Cammadity TD Inday	Bloomberg Commodity TR Index	01/31/1991	n/a	Dloomhora	
	Bloomberg Commodity TR Index	Thompson Jefferies CRB Core Commodity Total Return Index	01/31/1920	12/31/1990	Bloomberg	
		Alerian MLP TR Index	01/31/1996	n/a		
Midstream Energy	Alerian MLP TR Index	S&P 500 Energy Index	01/31/1946	12/31/1995	, 9	
		ExxonMobil Corp (XOM)	01/31/1920	12/31/1945		
Cold	LDMA Cold Drigg	LBMA Gold Price	02/29/1968	n/a	LDMA Bloombore	
Gold	LBMA Gold Price	New York Spot Bullion	01/31/1920	01/31/1968	LBMA, Bloomberg	
Cook/Illian Chart Daniel	Disambara HC T Dill 1 2 Marth TD India	Bloomberg US T-Bill 1-3 Month TR Index	12/31/1991	n/a	Dio ambaye MVII/Ota	
Cash/Ultra-Short Bonds	Bloomberg US T-Bill 1-3 Month TR Index	NYU/Stern USA Total Return T-Bill Index	01/31/1920	11/30/1991	Bloomberg, NYU/Stern	



Asset Class Benchmarks

Asset class performance was measured using the following benchmarks:

U.S. Large Cap Stocks: S&P 500 TR Index

U.S. Small & Micro Cap Stocks: Russell 2000 TR Index

Intl Dev Large Cap Stocks: MSCI EAFE GR Index

Intl Dev Small & Micro Stocks: MSCI EAFE GR Index

Emerging & Frontier Market Stocks: MSCI Emerging Markets GR Index

Global Stocks: MSCI ACWI GR Index

Private Equity: Cambridge Associates U.S. Private Equity

Venture Capital: Cambridge Associates U.S. Venture Capital

U.S. Interm-Term Muni Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays 1-10 (1-12 Yr) Muni Bond TR

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U.S. High Yield Muni Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays High Yield Muni TR Index

U.S. Interm-Term Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond TR Index

U.S. High Yield Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield TR Index

U.S. Bank Loans: S&P/LSTA U.S. Leveraged Loan Index

Intl Developed Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index

Emerging & Frontier Market Bonds: JPMorgan EMBI Global Diversified TR Index

Public BDCs: S&P BDC Index

U.S. REITs: MSCI U.S. REIT GR Index

Ex U.S. Real Estate Securities: S&P Global Ex-U.S. Property TR Index

Private Real Estate: Cambridge Associates Real Estate

Commodity Futures: Bloomberg Commodity TR Index

Midstream Energy: Alerian MLP TR Index

Gold: LBMA Gold Price

Long-Short Equity: HFRI Equity Hedge Index

Global Macro: HFRI Macro-CTA Index

Relative Value: HFRI Relative Value Index

Closed-End Funds: S-Network Composite Closed-End TR Index

Insurance-Linked Securities: SwissRe Global Cat Bond TR Index

Digital Assets: MVIS CryptoCompare Digital Assets 25 Index

Cash & Cash Equivalents: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. T-Bill 1-3 Month TR Index

U.S. Short-Term Muni Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays Municipal 1-3 Yr TR Index

U.S. Short-Term Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Agg 1-3 Yr TR Index

U.S. 60/40: 60% S&P 500 TR Index 40% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond TR

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Global 60/40: 60% MSCI ACWI GR Index 40% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate

Bond TR Index



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